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ABSTRACT

The purpose of the analysis was to provide a profile of instructional activities related to content and referenced to specified instructional outcome areas. Emphasis was placed on determination of four major factors: (1) major outcomes in the program and their relative emphasis in both regular and supplementary instructional materials, (2) the distribution of content within and across instructional units (chapters), (3) points in the instructional sequence where mastery of outcomes is assessed, and (4) the amount of independent practice in regular and supplementary instructional materials related directly to each major outcome developed in the program. The analysis was organized around 21 content strands, and is presented in a series of tables which indicate page locations of various topics. The completed analysis forms the basis for preliminary specification of an application of Learning Mastery System procedures to the system. (Author/SD)

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SOUTHWEST REGIONAL LABORATORY
TECHNICAL NOTE

DATE: September 27, 1972
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TITLE: CONTENT ANALYSIS OF ADDISON-WESLEY MATHEMATICS PROGRAM FOR
ELEMENTARY GRADES K-6

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Auton

ABSTRACT

A content analysis was completed of the Addison-Wesley mathematics series for elementary grades. The purpose of the analysis was to provide a profile of instructional activities related to content and referenced to specified instructional outcome areas. Emphasis was placed on determination of:

1. major outcomes in the program and their relative emphasis in both regular and supplementary instructional materials.
2. the distribution of content within and across instructional units (chapters).
3. points in the instructional sequence where mastery of outcomes is assessed.
4. the amount of independent practice in regular and supplementary instructional materials related directly to each major outcome developed in the program.

The completed analysis forms the basis for preliminary specification of an application of Learning Mastery System procedures to the series.

CONTENT ANALYSIS OF ADDISON-WESLEY MATHEMATICS PROGRAM FOR ELEMENTARY
GRADES K-6

Aaron Buchanan, Elijah Babikian, Jim Winchester and Sylvia Auton

This document describes a content analysis of the Addison-Wesley mathematics series for elementary grades. The document is divided into three sections as follows:

Description of the Analysis. Procedures used by staff members of the Southwest Regional Laboratory for Educational Research and Development (SWRL) in performing the analysis are described. These procedures were used to generate descriptors of instructional outcomes from index entries in the Addison-Wesley teacher's editions and to determine the location of instructional and evaluation activities relevant to these outcomes in various Addison-Wesley components.

Interpretation of the Analysis. Procedures are recommended for identifying relationships in the analysis table between content organization, evaluation of outcomes, and provisions for individual practice, and for comparing these relationships with those desired in application of a Learning Mastery System.

Preliminary Specifications of a Learning Mastery System Application.

Broad preliminary specifications for the architecture of an application of a Learning Mastery System to the Addison-Wesley series are presented. These specifications include: (1) a discrete number of broad instructional outcomes that can serve as a unifying structure for assessing pupil progress through various levels of the program, (2) suggested evaluation components, and (3) materials suitable for individual prac-

tice on outcomes assessed in LMS throughout the program.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ANALYSIS

CONTENT STRANDS

The analysis is organized around twenty-one vertical strands of content identified by Addison-Wesley as basic units of a program structure. These strands are listed below in the order of their appearance in the program scope and sequence chart in each teacher's edition.

- Set Concepts
- Place Value
- Operations
- Sequences
- Inequalities
- Notation
- Number Facts
- Equations and Solutions
- Number Line
- Basic Principles
- Processes (Algorithms)
- Rational Numbers
- Ratio and Proportion
- Problem Solving
- Logic
- Number Theory
- Estimation
- Measurement
- Geometry
- Graphs and Scale Drawings
- Special Topics

OUTCOME DESCRIPTORS

For each strand and substrand, a set of outcome descriptors has been prepared by SWRL staff to describe the content at each level of the program. These descriptors are statements of expected outcomes of

instruction. An example of descriptors for the "Place Value" strand in Grade 5 is shown below.

1. Read and write numerals

Thousands

Millions

Billions to Quintillions

2. Identify place values of digits in numerals

Whole numbers

Decimal numbers

3. Recognize numerals in different bases

Base-10 numerals

Base-4 numerals

4. Represent numerals in expanded form

5. Write numerals using different notations

Exponential notation

Decimal notation

6. Represent numbers by concrete models

Abacus

Base ten machine

Outcome descriptors were derived using the following procedures:

1. All entries in the index of the teacher's edition were partitioned according to content strands listed in the scope and sequence chart. Since scope and sequence entries overlapped among some strands, elementary priorities in classification were followed which eliminated most of the multiple listing of index entries.

2. Within each strand, index entries were translated into a small set of statements of intended mathematical behaviors (outcome descriptors). In some instances, the descriptors are comprehensive, and no

subordinate outcomes are included; in other instances, subordinate outcomes are included because major portions of the instructional materials were devoted to their review.

TABLE ENTRIES

Instructional activities (designated lessons) from the core components of the Addison-Wesley program were classified according to the prespecified outcome descriptors. The core components used were the student text (teacher's edition), the student workbook, and a separate battery of chapter tests. Since the purpose of the analysis was to obtain a profile of instructional activities, an exhaustive listing of all activities included in all components was not necessary. Diagnostic tests were not included because they were chapter pretests which paralleled the structure and function of chapter tests. A description of major supplementary program components is in Appendix A.

Entries in the table refer to page numbers in the student text and workbook, and the chapter tests where instructional activities pertinent to the outcome descriptor are located. For each entry, the number of items or problems directly related to the outcome descriptor was determined. It was reasoned that item frequencies directly related to an outcome descriptor are better indicators of the amount of independent practice provided in a chapter for each outcome than are page entries. In determining item frequencies the number ten was chosen as a cutoff point since most instructional activities related principally to major outcomes contained at least ten items of practice. An entry of (10) following a set of page entries or a chapter test indi-

cates that ten or more items providing direct practice on the outcome were found.

During the course of the analysis, it became necessary to develop conventions for determining item frequencies. Items were counted according to the number of separate responses requiring direct outcome-related performances. In some instances, such as the reproduction of counting sequences, individual responses were not independent of each other. In this case, each separate sequence was counted as a response. In many instances, mastery of a particular outcome, such as recognition of commutativity of addition, would be helpful in making a response, but unnecessary. Where responses could be made as a result of acquisition of some other outcome, especially an outcome that is learned rather early in the instructional sequence (such as recognition of number facts), no items were recorded with the descriptor. Conventions were also developed for classifying problems in activities involving either number line or semi-concrete pictorial models to solve equations. While use of the model might be helpful in making a required response, it was seldom required that the model be interpreted; a recall of basic number facts or the application of some computation algorithm was usually sufficient. In instances such as these, an item was recorded for purposes of the analysis with a descriptor involving "models" if there were separate representations of the model for each equation.

Actual entries for a particular descriptor are coded as follows:

1. Pages from the student text (or student pages from the teacher's edition) appear in regular typeface with the number of items, to 10, following in parentheses.

2. Pages from the student workbook and the number of related items, to 10, are underlined.
3. Chapter test entries are preceded by CT with the number of items related to the descriptor following.

INTERPRETATION OF THE ANALYSIS

CONTENT STRANDS

The distribution of content in the program can be inferred from the analysis in the following ways:

1. Examination of Instruction and Evaluation Entries for a Particular Outcome Across Chapters and Levels. It is possible to draw some conclusions concerning the independence of one outcome from another. If there are several instructional entries, but few review or evaluation entries, it is possible to infer that this outcome cannot be easily separated from other outcomes during instruction. This inference is related to methods used in development of the analysis. The major source of instruction entries (textbook) was the index of teacher's editions at each level. Since index entries are likely to be classified with as many content domains as are possibly relevant, there was some multiple classification among instructional entries. Review and evaluation entries, on the other hand, were made from a page-by-page analysis of the components. In this case, multiple classification was avoided wherever possible, and activities were referenced to the outcome with the most appropriate descriptor. Most of the multiple classification, which is not extensive in Addison-Wesley, occurs in "Operations",

"Number Facts", "Processes" and "Rational Numbers". For example, operations on rational numbers were often classified under both "Rational Numbers" and "Processes".

2. Examination of Entries in the Chapter Columns. For purposes of a Learning Mastery System it is desirable that content included in each chapter be reasonably homogeneous. Unit division should be determined primarily by outcomes to be acquired and their presentation sequence. The instructional entries in each chapter should be spread over no more than 7 or 8 outcomes if evaluation of mastery is to retain some reliability and tests are to remain a reasonable length. Where chapters in Addison-Wesley provide instruction on more outcomes than this, it may be necessary to defer assessment of some outcomes until they are represented in a subsequent chapter.

3. Examination of all Descriptors for a Particular Content Strand over all Levels of the Program. If there are very few descriptors that differ distinctly, or if the set of descriptors show little hierarchical relationship, the strand probably does not possess strong sequential characteristics of its own. Frequently, as in "Problem Solving", the strand exists primarily for the inclusion of activities where mathematical skills are applied to verbal or pictorial problems. Some strands, such as "Set Concepts" in Levels K-3, exist principally as a model for whole numbers and related operations. By comparison, material devoted directly to the development of concepts related to sets and set theory is relatively minor.

OUTCOME ASSESSMENT

Instructional entries frequently occur in the analysis with no accompanying evaluation entries. In general, this circumstance implies one of the following:

1. Evaluation is deficient
2. Instruction is primarily in the form of teacher explanation with little or no independent practice for the pupil.
3. Instruction and practice on a particular outcome cannot be separated from a more inclusive outcome.
4. The outcome is minor in comparison to the amount of instruction given on other skills presented in the unit.

The number of items per skill-per-unit averages 3-4 for major skills and 1-3 for minor skills. Item frequencies such as these may be adequate in skill maintenance or retention, but should probably be increased in criterion exercises where acquisition of new or extended skills is assessed.

INDEPENDENT PRACTICE

The amount of independent practice on each outcome can be determined by attending to the numbers in parentheses following underlined and non-underlined page entries. Of primary interest are instances where instructional entries (regular instruction and review) are associated with fewer than ten items of independent practice.

The number ten was chosen as a reference point for the analysis since many activities approached but did not exceed this number. It was reasoned that outcomes with fewer than ten items of practice, and

particularly outcomes with fewer than five or six items, do not provide sufficient practice for attainment of the skill.

PRELIMINARY SPECIFICATIONS OF A LEARNING MASTERY SYSTEM APPLICATION

CONTENT STRANDS

The strands of content related to the arithmetic of whole and rational numbers are dominant. This may be inferred by inspecting the number of outcomes developed (as represented by outcome descriptors) and the number of instructional entries per outcome. Outcomes developed in these strands, as well as most of their substrands, usually include at least 10 items of independent practice. Strands such as "Operations" and, at earlier levels, "Number Theory", could contain so many outcome descriptors in common with other strands that it is doubtful their preservation as independent outcome areas in a Learning Mastery System would be worthwhile. In general, the number of content domains (twenty-one) will be reduced by combining domains in an application of the Learning Mastery System.

INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

Five or six broad outcomes such as the following likely will be recommended as a basic outcome structure for the development of Learning Mastery System procedures:

1. Recognize basic elements and concepts
2. Decode systems of symbols
3. Express mathematical relationships
4. Verify mathematical relationships

5. Perform operations
6. Solve verbal problems

One or more of these outcomes represent major skills to be developed in each of content domains such as the following:

- I. Sets
- II. Whole numbers
- III. Rational numbers (positive)
- IV. Integers
- V. Geometry
- VI. Measurement
- VII. Logic

Pupil progress through broad instructional sequences for outcomes applicable to each content domain will be monitored throughout the program. At each level, a set of outcome descriptors will further refine cells in the outcome-content matrix to reflect all of the content included in the program for that level.

EVALUATION COMPONENTS

In a number of instances recognition of properties of mathematical operations is introduced through verbal instructions given by the teacher. Pupils are encouraged but not required to recognize these properties in solving related equations or problems. Acquisition of skills such as these should not be assessed in a Learning Mastery System until approximately 10 items of independent practice have been provided in a single chapter.

Occasionally chapters contain instructional entries classified under outcome descriptors which are peripheral to major skills under development. The major focus in chapters such as these will be assessment of outcomes introduced and any of their prerequisites which are reviewed. In chapters where no instruction on new outcomes is begun, the principal outcomes under review will be evaluated. The context for evaluation should include settings which parallel those used during regular instruction, but they should also include some transfer settings which may be generally familiar to the pupil but not in association with the outcome under development. In general, there should not be more than two or three items of the latter type for any particular outcome developed in a chapter.

LMS evaluation components for Addison-Wesley should include the following:

1. Four to Six Pretests for Each Level. The number of pretests will be determined by the number of major breaks in the continuity of the instructional sequence. It will not be necessary to specify a pretest for each chapter, since many follow directly from the previous chapter. Essentially, all of the information which might be of value to the teacher can be obtained from posttest or criterion exercise instruments for the previous unit. Pretests should provide a comprehensive sample of behaviors that are prerequisite to the major skills developed in the chapter. The information obtained from the pretest should guide the teacher in determining the relative emphasis to be given any prerequisite behaviors which are reviewed

prior to the introduction of new material. Efforts will be made to use existing Addison-Wesley Diagnostic Tests, although sections of these pretests are not clearly structured according to outcomes.

2. En-route Assessment Devices for Each Major Outcome Introduced or Reviewed. A limited number of problems in the regular daily assignment will be identified which the teacher can review as a check on the progress of the pupil toward mastery of the outcome.

3. End-of-Unit Criterion Exercise for Each Unit. Each exercise should include at least one section for each of the major outcomes on which instruction was provided in that unit. Approximately 4-5 items should be included for each individual outcome representing material which has been introduced or extended. One or two items should be included for each descriptor where previously mastered skills have been reviewed or maintained.

Each exercise should include a limited number of problems where computational skills which have been developed are applied to the solution of verbal problems. The format for all items on the criterion exercise should be multiple choice with at least some of the distractors representing typical errors which might be made on this type of problem.

SWRL-developed instruments are recommended over existing Addison-Wesley Chapter Tests for the following reasons:

- (1) Addison-Wesley Chapter Tests are not clearly organized around instructional outcomes.

- (2) Many outcome areas are evaluated with fewer than 4 items per instrument.
- (3) The constructed response format used with items is incompatible with machine scoring and remedial practice based on typical errors.
- (4) In Levels 3 and 4, no components for formal evaluation of Geometry units are presently available.

PRACTICE COMPONENTS

Appropriate practice materials should be developed as part of the LMS. Wherever possible, supplementary practice should be provided in such a way that the teacher can select exercises on the basis of major types of errors committed.

SUPPORT COMPONENTS

Various support components, including a technical manual and appropriate record keeping materials will also be provided.

APPENDIX A

DESCRIPTION OF ADDISON-WESLEY COMPONENTS

(1) Diagnostic tests-A battery of 12 diagnostic tests, with 15-20 items per test, is provided for use prior to instruction in each chapter. The tests are designed to identify students in need of special help on material to be presented in the chapter. Items on all of the tests are parallel to problems provided for practice during regular instruction. They sample from all material, both introduced and reviewed. Test items and sections are not referenced to particular pages in the student text or teacher's edition. No references are given in the teacher's edition for use of the tests.

(2) Duplicating Masters-A set of duplicating masters is provided for each of Levels 1-6. Approximately 90 masters are available for Levels 1 and 2, and 60 masters for each of Levels 3-6. These masters contain problems which are parallel to problems included in the student's text. Points where duplicating masters are to be given are designated on each master. No references are given in the teacher's edition for use of the masters during regular instruction.

(3) Workbook-A workbook for each of Levels 3-6 provides approximately 95 pages of practice problems parallel to material in the student's text. Each practice page is associated with a specific page in the student's text as designated in a correlation chart

located in the workbook. No reference to use of workbooks is given in the teacher's edition.

(4) "Getty Ready" Books-Readiness books are provided for each of Levels 3-6. Each book includes 48 pages with activities which review material presented in the previous grade level.

(5) Chapter and Term Tests-A battery of tests is provided for use after instruction in each chapter. One test of approximately 20 items is available for each chapter. Two additional tests are to be used at midyear and after completion of the textbook. Items on all of the tests are parallel to problems provided for practice during regular instruction. Test items and sections are not referenced to particular pages in the student's text. No references are given in the teacher's edition to use of this battery.

APPENDIX B

CONTENT ANALYSIS

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
PRIMER

APPENDIX B

UNIT PAGES	1 1-14	2 15-20	3 21-34	4 35-46	5 47-80
I. SET CONCEPTS					
1. Compare set membership by identifying common property (function) of elements		15-16(8) ^a			
2. Recognize equivalent sets by placing elements in 1-1 correspondence			25-30(10)		
3. Identify numeral for number of elements in a set (introduction)					
Sets to 0 (Empty set)					
1				43-6(6)	
2				35,39-46(10)	
3				36,39-46(10)	
4				37,39-46(10)	
5				38-46(10)	
6				47-50(10)	
7				51-4,56(10)	
8				57-60(10)	
9				61-4,66(10)	
10				67-70(10)	
4. Identify number of elements in union of a set with one element and a set with 4-9 elements (combinations with one)				71-4,76-8(10)	
5. Identify number of elements in each of two given subsets and the number in their union set (Intuitive addition and subtraction-Combinations with numbers other than one)					
Union set to 5					
6				47,49,50(8)	
7				51,53-4(9)	
8				57,59-6Q(9)	
9				61,63-4(8)	
10				67,69-70(9)	
II. PLACE VALUE (No Outcomes)				71,73-4(10)	
78,80					
III. OPERATIONS (No Outcomes)					

^aNumerals refer to student pages in teacher's edition. Numerals in parentheses indicates the number of problems (to 10) in the chapter in which principal practice is on the outcome described.

MATH	UNIT PAGES	SEQUENCES	PRIMER 1 1-14	1 1-14	2 15-20	3 21-34	4 35-46	5 47-80
IV.		1. Order numerals in counting sequence To 6 To 8 To 10						55 (3) 65 (3) 75 (3)
V.		INEQUALITIES 1. Compare objects by size (larger, smaller, largest, smallest, longer, shorter, taller, tallest) 2. Compare sets (more, less) 3. Identify and/or construct set with one more element than given set		1-7, 9 (10)		21-4, 31-2 (10)		
VI.		NOTATION 1. Recognize numerals 1-10			33-4 (6)			
VII.		NUMBER FACTS 1. Identify number of elements in missing subset, given one subset and the number of elements in the union set (Intuitive introduction to subtraction-Missing addend)					79 (10)	
VIII.		EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS (No Outcomes)						
IX.		NUMBER LINE (No Outcomes)						
X.		BASIC PRINCIPLES 1. Recognition of commutative principle (intuitive)					79 (10)	
XI.		PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS) (No Outcomes)						

UNIT PAGES	1 1-14	2 15-20	3 21-34	4 35-46	5 47-80
XII. RATIONAL NUMBERS (No Outcomes)					
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION (No Outcomes)					
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING 1. Interpret "rebus" problems					
XV. LOGIC 1. Complete geometric patterns (See XXI)					
XVI. NUMBER THEORY (No Outcomes)					
XVII. ESTIMATION (No Outcomes)					
XVIII. MEASUREMENT (No Outcomes)					
XIX. GEOMETRY 1. Compare objects by similarities and differences in shape Differences Similarities					
	11-12(8) 8,10(8)				
XX. GRAPHS AND "SCALE DRAWINGS (No Outcomes)					
XXI. SPECIAL TOPICS 1. Complete geometric patterns Geometric figures Sequential patterns	13-14(6)		17-20(10)		

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT PAGES	1 1-10	2 11-38	3 39-56	4 57-72	5 73-96	6 97-152	7 153-198
I. SET CONCEPTS							
1. Recognize cardinal number property of sets Sets of 1							
2							
3							
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
2. Recognize special sets Empty set							
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3. Compare sets Using one to one Subsets							
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b Numerals preceded by CT refer to the number of items on the chapter test (independent battery of chapter tests) which involve primarily the outcome described.

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	1-10	11-38	39-56	57-72	73-96	5	6	7	153-198
4.	Relate operations on whole numbers to sets Addition (Joining of sets)				57-66 (10) / CT(1)	73-80 (10) / CT(2)				
	Subtraction (separation of sets)									
II.	PLACE VALUE									
1.	Relate the word "ten" to a set of 10									
2.	Recognize the number of elements of sets grouped by Tens									
	Tens and ones									
3.	Associate numerals for whole numbers with place values by rewriting numerals for numbers less than one hundred									
	Write place values for given numerals									
	Write numerals for given place values									
III.	OPERATIONS									
1.	Add and subtract whole numbers									
	Sums to 10									
	61-68 (10) / CT(7)									
	97-152 (10) / CT(5)									
2.	Sums greater than 10 Sums of 3 or more digits Differences and missing addends Recognize inverse relationship between addition and subtraction				69-72 (10) / CT(2)	73-86 (10) / CT(9)	97-152 (10) / CT(5)			
	87-92 (10) / CT(4)									
	106, 118, 134, 148 (10) / CT(2)									

-22-

-22-

UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
IV.	SEQUENCES	1-10	11-38	39-56	57-72	73-96	97-152	153-198
1.	Place numerals in counting sequence To 99			50(6)/ CT(1)				175,183(9)
2.	Within decades One decade to the next Connect numbered dots			44(9)/CT(1)	CT(1)	CT(1)		171(8)/ CT(2) 173-174(10) 177-178, 181-184(5)/ CT(1).
2.	Indicate numbers (before, after, before and after, between)						172,176(10)	
V.	INEQUALITIES Compare two whole numbers by							192(10).
1.	Identifying number "less than" or "greater than" a specified number Using symbols <, >, =			53-54(10)/ CT(1)	56(10)/ CT(2)	51-52,55(9)/ CT(1)	108,122,129, 150(10)	186-190(10)/ CT(2) 191(10)
2.	Completing an inequality statement with a number Comparing unequal sets							193-194(10)
2.	Compare money values by indicating more or less							
VI.	NOTATION 1. Recognize digits 1-9*		11-15,19-32, (10)/CT(8)		39-44(10)/ CT(10)			
2.	Write numerals 1-9							

Outcomes designated with () are reinforced throughout the text.

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	1-10	11-38	39-56	3	4	5	6	7
					57-72	73-96	97-152	153-198	
3.	Write two digit numerals from an expanded place value notation	(See II-3)							
4.	Write two digit numerals as expanded notation sums								
5.	Recognize and interpret symbols <, >, =	(See also V-1)		55(4)/CT(2)	59-60(6)	73-74(6)	123-124(7)/ CT(1)		
	+ - c								
6.	Use vertical algorithm in simple computations	Addition Subtraction			64(10)/CT(1)	78(10)/CT(1)			
VII.	NUMBER FACTS								
1.	Recall addition and subtraction facts by providing answers for simple problems	Sums through 9 Sums of 10 Sums through 18			61-72(10)/ CT(9)	73-86(10)/ CT(9)	97-152(10)/ CT(10)		
VIII.	EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS								
1.	Interpret equations using notation (Introduction)	Addition Subtraction			61-63(10)/ CT(9)	75-77(10)/ CT(6)			
IX.	NUMBER LINE				49(3)/CT(1)				
1.	Illustrate order of whole numbers on the number line								

UNIT	PAGES	1-10	11-38	39-56	67 (4) / CT(1)	81 (4) / CT(1)	97-152	97-152	6	5	4	39-56	11-38	1-10	UNIT	PAGES	1-10	11-38	39-56	67 (4) / CT(1)	81 (4) / CT(1)	97-152	97-152	6	5	4	39-56	11-38	1-10
2.	Recognize operations represented on the number line																												
	Addition																												
	Subtraction																												
X.	BASIC PRINCIPLES																												
1.	Recognize and use basic principles for addition and subtraction operations																												
	Commutative principle																												
	Associative principle																												
	Zero principle																												
	Use of parentheses (grouping)																												
XI.	PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)																												
	In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence																												
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS																												
1.	Recognize fractions as descriptors of relationships between equivalent subsets and subregions																												
	1/2																												
	1/3																												
XIII.	RATIO AND PROPORTION																												
1.	In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence																												
XIV.	PROBLEM SOLVING																												
1.	Solve simple word-picture problems involving Number of pennies in a set																												
	Total value of a group of pennies, nickles and dimes																												
	179-180(6) / CT(1)																												

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	OUTCOMES					
		1 1-10	2 11-38	3 39-56	4 57-72	5 73-96	6 97-152
XV.	Addition using nickles and pennies						
	Subtraction using nickles and pennies						
	Adding costs of objects						
	Making change						
XVI.	LOGIC						
	1. Use informal logic in reasoning with						
	Addition and subtraction- inverse relationship						
	Sums greater than 10						
	Subtraction						
XVII.	NUMBER THEORY						
	1. Recognize and complete number sequences						
	Odd number sequence						
	Even number sequence						
	Counting by 3's						
	Counting by 4's						
	Counting by 5's						
	Counting by 10's						
XVIII.	ESTIMATION						
	In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence						
XIX.	MEASUREMENT						
	1. Recognize and use systems for linear measure						
	Unit of length comparisons						
	Inch						
	Centimeter						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

	UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			1-10	11-38	39-56	57-72	73-96	97-152	153-198
2.	Recognize and use systems for capacity measure								
Cup									
Pint									
Quart									
XIX.	GEOMETRY								
1.	Recognize and discriminate various geometric figures								
Triangle									
Square									
Circle									
Rectangle									
XX.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS								
In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence									
XXI.	SPECIAL TOPICS								
1.	Tell time by indicating the correct time on a clock-face model								
To the hour									
To the half-hour									
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Looking Back")									

195-198 (19)
198 (3)

195-198 (19)
198 (3)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	8 199-222	9 223-234	10 235-258	11 259-268	12 269-288	13 289-296
I.	SET CONCEPTS						
1.	Recognize cardinal number property of sets						
	Sets of 1	2					
	2						
	3						
	4						
	5						
	6						
	7						
	8						
	9						
	10						
2.	Recognize special sets						
	Empty set						
	Equivalent sets						
	Subsets						
	Compare sets						
	Using one to one matching						
	By indicating more than, less than						
	By indicating one more than						
3.	Relate operations on whole numbers to sets						
	Addition (Joining of sets)						
	Subtraction (separation of sets)						
	259(0)/CT(1)						
	259(0)/CT(1)						
II.	PLACE VALUE						
1.	Relate the word "ten" to a set of 10						
2.	Recognize the number of elements of sets grouped by Tens						
	Tens and ones						
	267(3)						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	8 199-222	9 223-234	10 235-258	11 259-268	12 269-288	13 289-296
3.	Associate numerals for whole numbers with place values by rewriting numerals for numbers less than one hundred						
	Write place values for given numerals		240 (10)				
	Write numerals for given place values		239 (10)				
III.	OPERATIONS						
1.	Add and subtract whole numbers	Sums to 10 Sums greater than 10	199-222 (10) / CT(6)	243-258 (10) / CT(6) 256-6 (6)	259-266 (10) / CT(8)	CT(1)	
		Sums of 3 or more digits Differences and missing addends	199-222 (10) / CT(5)				
2.	Recognize inverse relationship between addition and subtraction						
IV.	SEQUENCES						
1.	Place numerals in counting sequence	To 99 Within decades One decade to the next Connect numbered dots Indicate numbers (before, after, before and after, between)	CT(1)	CT(1)	267 (3) CT(1)	CT(1)	
2.							
V.	INEQUALITIES						
1.	Compare two whole numbers by	Identifying number "less than" or "greater than" a specified number					

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	8 Using symbols <, >, =	9 Completing an inequality statement with a number	10 Comparing unequal sets	11 Compare money values by indicating more or less	12 267 (6)	13 269-288 289-296
VI.	NOTATION						
	1.	Recognize digits 1-9					
	2.	Write numerals 1-9					
	3.	Write two digit numerals from an expanded place value notation					
	4.	Write two digit numerals as expanded notation sums				241-242 (10) / CT(2)	
	5.	Recognize and interpret symbols <, >					
		+					
		-					
		c					
		()					
	6.	Use vertical algorithm in simple computations	Addition	Subtraction		268 (4) 268 (4)	
VII.	NUMBER FACTS						
	1.	Recall addition and subtraction facts by providing answers for simple problems					
		Sums through 9					199-222 (10)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

UNIT	PAGES	8 199-222	9 223-234	10 235-258	11 259-268	12 269-288	13 289-296
XII. RATIONAL NUMBERS							
1.	Recognize fractions as descriptions of relationships between equivalent subsets and subregions 1/2					277-278 (8)/ CT(1)	
1/3						279-280 (8)/ CT(1)	
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION							
	In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence						
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING							
1.	Solve simple word-picture problems involving					273-276 (10)/ CT(2)	
	Number of pennies in a set Total value of a group of pennies, nickles and dimes						
	Addition using nickles and pennies				257 (4)		
	Subtraction using nickles and pennies	220 (4)				258 (4)/ CT(1)	
	Adding costs of objects	219 (4)/CT(1)				265-266 (7)/ CT(1)	
	Making change						
XV. LOGIC							
1.	Use informal logic in reasoning with Addition and subtraction-inverse relationship						

IS MATH
ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

		GRADE 1			
UNIT	PAGES	8 199-222.	9 223-234	10 235-258	11 259-268
Sums greater than 10					
Subtraction					
XVI. NUMBER THEORY					
1. Recognize and complete number sequences					
Odd-number sequence		269-270(5)/ GT(1)			
Even number sequence		269-270, 272(6)/GT(1)			
Counting by 3's		271-272(2)			
Counting by 4's		272(1)			
Counting by 5's		271-273(6)/ GT(1)			
Counting by 10's		274(4)			
XVII. ESTIMATION					
In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence					
XVIII. MEASUREMENT					
1. Recognize and use systems for linear measure					
Unit of length comparisons					
Inch		281-282(10)			
Centimeter		283-284(8)/ GT(1)			
2. Recognize and use systems for capacity measure		283-284(8)/ GT(1)			
For capacity measure		285-286(10)/ GT(1)			

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 1

	UNIT PAGES	1					
		8 199-222	9 223-234	10 235-258	11 259-268	12 269-288	13 289-296
Pint							
Quart							
XIX.	GEOMETRY						
1.	Recognize and discriminate various geometric figures						
Triangle						289-296 (9)	
Square						291-294 (4)	
Circle						293-296 (4)	
Rectangle						295-296 (3)	
XX.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS						
	In Grade 1 no outcomes for this topic are described in the Scope and Sequence						
XXI.	SPECIAL TOPICS						
1.	Tell time by indicating the correct time on a clock-face model						
	To the hour						
	To the half-hour						
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS							
("Looking Back")	221-222 (10)					267-268 (10)	287-288 (10)

UNIT	PAGES	GRADE 2								34- 179-198
		1 1-6	2 7-30	3 31-52	4 53-70	5 71-96	6 97-140	7 141-178	8 179-198	
I. SET CONCEPTS										
1. Compare sets		1(6) / CT(1)								
Equivalent		2(6)/CT(1)								198(4)
Non-equivalent										
2. Recognize and relate concepts of set, number, numeral										
Sets less than 10		3-5(10) / CT(2)								
Sets of 10		7(7)/CT(4)								
3. Relate operations on whole numbers to sets										
Addition-joining			31-2, 35, 37 (10)/CT(1)							
Subtraction-comparing			45-6(6)/ CT(1)							
Subtraction-separating			39-40, 43 (10)/CT(1)							
Multiplication-joining										
Multiplication-pairing										
Division-separating										
III. PLACE VALUE										
1. Recognize names and place values for whole numbers		7-12(10) / CT(2)								
Concept of ten		23-4(2) / CT(2)								
Concept of hundred										189-90, 193- 4/CT(1)
Concept of thousand		7-30(10) / CT(8)								CT(2)
2-3 digit numerals		28-9(10)								179-99(10) / CT(2)
3-4 digit numerals										
2. Associate numerals and place value with structured groups of objects										

**ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 2**

UNIT PAGES	1 1-6	2 7-30	3 31-52	4 53-70	5 71-96	6 97-140	7 141-178	8 179-198
V. INEQUALITIES								
1. Compare two whole numbers using <, > or by identifying larger or smaller number								
Ones and decades	6(6) / CT(2)	17, 19-20 (10) CT(2) 18(10)						
Within a decade								
Hundreds								
Thousands								
VI. NOTATION								
1. Identify and interpret symbols								
Write arabic numerals 0-9	3-5(10) / CT(2)							
Roman numerals								
Symbols for fractions								
2. Identify terms and symbols related to mathematical operations								
+								
-								
x								
:								
VI. NUMBER FACTS								
1. Recognize and recall:								
Sums and differences less than or equal to 10								
Sums and differences 11-18								
Products with factors 0-5								

UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		1-6	7-30	31-52	53-70	71-96	97-140	141-179	179-198
2. Recognize families of facts Addition-subtraction				52(8)/CT(1)			103(5)		
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS 1. Write solution to: Addition equations --Missing addend			31-2, 35, 37 (10)/CT(5)	59-61, 63-4 (10)/CT(3)	CT(3)	99-102(10)			
Subtraction equations --Missing addend			39-40, 43 (10)/CT(4)	63-4(10)/ CT(3)		99, 101-2 (10)			
Multiplication equations Equations involving parentheses (See VI-2)									
IX. NUMBER LINE 1. Represent order of whole numbers 2. Represent operations Addition --Missing addends --Rearranging addends Subtraction		6(1)/CT(2)	33-4, 36 (10)/CT(1)	41-2, 44(10)	60(4), CT(1)	89(4)/CT(1) 90(4)	100(4) 107(2)/ CT(1)	146(4)	
Multiplication 3. Write addition-subtraction equations using the number line							109(4)		
X. BASIC PRINCIPLES 1. Recognize and use basic principles for operations Associativity (addition) Commutativity (addition) Commutativity (multipli- cation						73-4, 81(8) 51(4)		142(7)	

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-6	2 7-30	3 31-52	4 53-70	5 71-96	6 97-140	7 141-178	8 179-198
XI. Identity elements (Addition-multiplication) Rearranging addends									
XI.	PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)								
	1. Use algorithms for addition 2-digit numerals-sums less than 100								
	--Without regrouping								
	--With regrouping								
	2-digit multiples of 10								
	3-4 digit numerals								
	--Without regrouping								
	Column addition								
	2. Use algorithm for subtraction								
	2-digit numerals								
	--Without regrouping								
	--Readiness for regrouping								
	--With regrouping								
	2-digit multiples of 10								
	3-4 digit numerals								
	3. Use algorithms for multi- lication								
	4. Use algorithms for division								
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS								
	1. Recognize fractions								
	1/2								
	1/3								
	1/4								
	1/5								
XIII.	RATIO-PROPORTION								

UNIT	PAGES	GRADE						
		1-6	7-30	31-52	53-70	71-96	97-140	141-178
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING								
1. Solve reasoning problems using								
Addition								
Subtraction								
Multiplication								
Inequalities								
Money								
2. Solve word problems with								
Addition								
Subtraction								
Multiplication								
Inequalities								
Money								
Liquid Measure								
Varied Applications								
XV. LOGIC								
1. Use informal logic in developing concepts of computation and problem solving								
XVI. NUMBER THEORY								
1. Identify properties of special sets of whole numbers								
Odd and even numbers								
Sums of odd and even numbers								
XVII. ESTIMATION								
1. Compare sum or difference of tens with a given numeral (readiness for regrouping)								

(See XI)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
 GRADE 2

UNIT	PAGES	9 199-208	10 209-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-296
I. SET CONCEPTS								
1. Compare sets								
Equivalent								
Non-equivalent								
2. Recognize and relate concepts of set, number, numeral								
Sets less than 10								
Sets of 10								
3. Relate operations on whole numbers to sets								
Addition-joining								
Subtraction-comparing								
Subtraction-separating								
Multiplication-joining								
Multiplication-pairing								
Division-separating								
II. PLACE VALUE								
1. Recognize names and place values for whole numbers								
Concept of ten								
Concept of hundred								
Concept of thousand								
2-3 digit numerals								
3-4 digit numerals								
2. Associate numerals and place value with structured groups of objects								
2-digits								
3-digits								
4-digits								

43

UNIT PAGES	9 199-208	10 208-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-290
3. Relate place value and money							
Pennies						269(10) / CT(1)	
Nickles						269(10) / CT(2)	
Dimes						269(10) / CT(2)	
Quarters						271(3) / CT(2)	
Half-dollars						CT(2)	
III. OPERATIONS							
1. Add whole numbers (See VIII-Number Facts and XI-Procedures (Algorithms))							
2. Subtract whole numbers (See VIII-Number Facts and XI-Procedures (Algorithms))							
3. Recognize inverse relationship between addition and subtraction							
4. Identify relationship between multiplication and Repeated addition						253-4, 256 (10) / CT(1) 257(10) / CT(3)	
Arrays							
IV. SEQUENCES							
1. Place numerals in counting sequence						267-8(8) / CT(1)	
Within a decade							
To one-hundred							
Above one-hundred							
To one thousand							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 2

UNIT	PAGES	9 199-208	10 209-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-296
2.	Place numerals in skip counting sequence	199(1)			246(1)/ CT(2)			
	By 10	199(2)			245-6(2)/ CT(2)			
	By 100, 1000							
	By 3, 4, 5							
V.	INEQUALITIES							
1.	Compare two whole numbers using <, > or by identifying larger or smaller number							
	Ones and decades							
	Within a decade							
	Hundreds							
	Thousands							
VI.	NOTATION							
1.	Identify and interpret symbols							
	Write arabic numerals 0-9							
	Roman numerals							
	Symbols for fractions							
2.	Identify terms and symbols related to mathematical operations							
	+							
	-							
	x							
	:							
	249-66(10)/ CT(4)							
	267-8(8)/ CT(1)							
	()							
	"Vertical form" (addition)							
	"Expanded notation"							

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 2**

UNIT	PAGES	UNIT I. NUMBER FACTS	UNIT II. NUMBER FACTS	UNIT III. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS	UNIT IV. NUMBER LINE	UNIT V. BASIC PRINCIPLES
9	199-208	1. Recognize and recall: Sums and differences less than or equal to 10 Sums and differences 11-18 Products with factors 0-5	2. Recognize families of facts Addition-subtraction (See III-2)	1. Write solution to: Addition equations --Missing addend Subtraction equations --Missing addend Equations involving parentheses	1. Represent order of whole numbers 2. Represent operations Addition --Missing addends --Rearranging addends Subtraction Multiplication	1. Recognize and use basic principles for operations
10	209-220					
11	221-240					
12	241-246					
13	247-268					
14	269-288					
15	289-296					

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 2

UNIT	PAGES	9 199-208	10 209-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-296
Associativity (addition)								
Commutativity (addition)								
Commutativity (multiplication)								
Identity elements (addition-multiplication)								
Rearranging addends								
XI. PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)								
1. Use algorithms for addition								
2-digit numerals-sums less than 100								
--Without regrouping								
--With regrouping		200(2)						
2-digit multiples of 10								
3-4 digit numerals								
--Without regrouping		200,204(10)/ CT(2) 203(5)						
Column addition								
2. Use algorithm for subtraction								
2-digit numerals								
--Without regrouping								
--Readiness for regrouping								
--With regrouping								
2-digit multiples of 10								
3-4 digit numerals		204-5(10) CT(2)						
3. Use algorithms for multiplication								
4. Use algorithms for division								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	UNIT PAGES	9 199-208	10 209-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-296
XII. RATIONAL NUMBERS								
1. Recognize fractions								
1/2							275,279(5)	
1/3							276,279,280(9)	
1/4							277,280(6)	
1/5							278(4)	
XIII. RATIO-PROPORTION								
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING								
1. Solve reasoning problems using								
Addition	202(10)	210(10)/ CT(2)	209(10)/ CT(1)	237(6)/ CT(1)				
Subtraction								
Multiplication								
Inequalities								
Money								
2. Solve word problems with	207(7)/ CT(1)	207,217,219 (10)/CT(2)	231,233,235 (10)/CT(1)	250,262,265 -6(10)/ CT(1)				
Addition								
Subtraction								
Multiplication								
Inequalities								
Money								
Liquid Measure								
Varied Applications							271(4)/ CT(1)	
							286(4)/ CT(1)	

UNIT	PAGES	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
XV. LOGIC	199-208	209-220	221-240	241-246.	247-268	269-288	289-296	
1. Use informal logic in developing concepts of computation and problem solving								
XVI. NUMBER THEORY								
1. Identify properties of special sets of whole numbers								
Odd and even numbers								
Sums of odd and even numbers								
XVII. ESTIMATION								
1. Compare sum or difference of tens with a given numeral (readiness for regrouping)								
XVIII. MEASUREMENT								
1. Recognize and use systems for linear measurement								
Inches								
Centimeters								
Concept of length (general units)								
2. Recognize and use systems for measure of volume								
Cups								
Gallons								
Pints								
Quarts								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 2

UNIT PAGES	9 199-208	10 209-220	11 221-240	12 241-246	13 247-268	14 269-288	15 289-296
3. Recognize and use system for mesure of time Half-hour intervals 5-minute intervals							
XIX. GEOMETRY							
1. Identify and construct basic figures							
Line segments							291-2(10)
Triangles							289-90(3)
Circles							289(1)
Squares							289-90(2)
Rectangles							289-90(3)
2. Identify congruent shapes							293-5(10)
3. Identify similar shapes							296(4)
XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS							
1. Read maps in solving word problems	207(1)						
2. Use charts to solve computation problems							257, 263-4 (10)
XXI. SPECIAL TOPICS							
1. Tell time							
2. Identify and interpret Roman numerals							
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Looking Back")							239-240(10)

LMS MATH

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3**

Numerals that are underlined refer to pages and corresponding numbers of items (to 10) in the student workbook.

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
	1 1-19	2 20-43	UNIT 1 44-51	3 52-83	4 84-127	5 128-135
3 and 4 digit numerals	7-17 (10) ² <u>3,6 (10)</u> /CT (10)					
5 and 6 digit numerals	14-18 (10) <u>18 (5)</u>					
Millions						
2. Associate numerals and place values with structured groups of objects						
Grouped by tens	2-4 (10) <u>1(8)</u> /CT (1)					
Grouped by hundreds	6-9 (7) <u>2,3</u> <u>(9)</u>					
Regrouping with 2-digit numerals						
Related to money: pennies and dimes	5 (6)			72 (10) <u>25</u> <u>(10)</u> /CT (2)		
				52-3 (10)		
52						
OPERATIONS	(See also XI-Processes (Algorithms))			54-5 (10) <u>18-</u> <u>19 (10)</u>		
1. Add whole numbers involving sums of 10, 20, 30, 40, ...						
2. Recognize inverse relationship between addition and subtraction	20-1, 26 (10) <u>12 (10)</u>					
Multiplication and division						
53						
3. Identify relationships between multiplication and repeated addition				144-5, 149, 152, 156 (10) <u>49, 53 (10)</u> / CT (6)		
Division and repeated subtraction						
				86-7 (10)/ CT (3)		
					140-1, 148 <u>(10)46 (4)</u> / CT (2)	

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	3 44-51	4 52-83	4 84-127	5 128-135	5 136-163	6 164-189	GEOMETRY	
									UNIT 1	UNIT 2
4.	Multiply whole numbers By factors of 10 and 100 By factors of 20, 30, 40, ...									
5.	Identify related products (3×4 , 3×40 , 3×400 , etc.)									
6.	Divide with whole numbers: Quotients with zero endings									
7.	Add three or more numbers			$\underline{31(10)11}$ $(10)/\overline{CT(3)}$						
IV. SEQUENCES										
1.	Place numerals in counting sequence 2-digit numerals			$\underline{4-5(10)4}$ $\underline{(7)}\overline{8(10)4,6}$						
	3 and 4 digit numerals			$\underline{(10)}$ <u>(See XVI-Number Theory)</u>						
2.	Odd and even numbers Relate place value and counting			$\underline{4,8(10)}$ $\underline{4,6(10)/CT(3)}$						
V. INEQUALITIES										
1.	Compare two whole numbers using $<$, $>$ or by designating larger, or smaller of given numbers			$\underline{12-3(10)}$ $\underline{5,6(10)/CT(4)}$		$\underline{22(10)/CT(1)}$	$\underline{CT(4)}$	$\underline{CT(1)}$		
2.	Use inequalities intuitively in computing approximations based on logical reasoning					$\underline{22(10)}$				
VI. NOTATION										

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	GRADE 3	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY			
		UNIT 1 1-19	2 20-43	3 44-51	UNIT 1 52-83	3 84-127	4 128-135	5 136-163
I. Identify terms related to mathematical operations*	1-19	24-5 (10) / CT (2)			92 (10) / GT (2)			
Addend and sum								137 (3)
Factor and product								
Quotient								
Recognize and interpret* symbols								136 (5)
Variable (n)	24-5 (10)				78 (10)			
\$								
VII. NUMBER FACTS								
1. Recognize and recall sums (Addition-subtraction facts)*		24-7 (10) 33-7 (10) 11,13 (10)				106-15 (10) 35-8 (10) / CT (3)		
Sums to 9								
Sums of 10-19								
2. Recognize and recall products for factors 0 - 9 (multiplication facts)								138,152,156 (10) / CT (1)
3. Recognize and recall division facts								
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS								
1. Determine solutions to addition and subtraction equations*	20-8, 36-7 (10) / CT (3)				GT (1)			

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

	UNIT: PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	UNIT 1 44-51	3 52-83	4 84-127	GEOMETRY (1) UNIT 2 128-135	5 136-163	6 164-189
Multiplication equations*						87(10)/CT (1)			
Division equations*								144-5(10) CT(1)	
2. Write equation to describe pictured operation on sets		20-1(10)							
IX. NUMBER LINE									
1. Represent operations on the number line									
Addition and subtraction									
Multiplication				22-3(10)9 <u>(6)/CT(1)</u>					
Division								142,158(9) 47(6)	
X. BASIC PRINCIPLES									
1. Recognize and use basic principles for addition and subtraction operations					30(10)10 <u>(10)</u>				
Commutative principle (addition)					31(10)11 <u>(10)/CT(3)</u>				
Associative principle and use of parentheses (addition)					32-3(6) 33(0)				
Rearranging addends					34(10)11 <u>(10)</u>				
Grouping addends (sums of 10)									
Grouping addends (sums between 10 and 19)									
2. Recognize and use basic principles for multiplication and division operations								98-9(10)32 <u>(8)/CT(1)</u>	
Commutative principle (multiplication)									

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	GEOMETRY UNIT 1 44-51	3 52-83	4 84-127	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 128-135	5 136-163	6 164-189
Associative principle and use of parentheses (multiplication)								
Rearranging factors								
Addition-multiplication principle								
Zero in multiplication								
One in multiplication								
Zero in division								
One in division								
XI. PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)								
1. Use algorithm for addition of whole numbers								
Addition: 2 and 3 digit numerals								
--No renaming								
--Renaming								
2. Use algorithm for subtraction on whole numbers								
Subtraction: 2-digit (no renaming)								
: 2-digit (renaming)								
: 3-digit (no renaming)								
3. Use algorithm for multiplication on whole numbers								
One 2-digit factor								
One 3-digit factor								
One factor 4 or more digits								
Two 2-digit factors								

UNIT	PAGES	GEOMETRY				GEOMETRY		
		1	2	UNIT 1 44-51	3	4	UNIT 2 128-135	5
4.	Use algorithm for division Relating division to subtraction of multiples of divisor Remainders in division Checking division Regular algorithm- single-digit divisor and 2-digit quotient	1-19	20-43	52-83	84-127	136-163	164-189	
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS							
	1. Recognize fractions as descriptors of part-whole relationship /							
	1/2							
	1/3							
	1/4							
	1/5							
	1/6							
	1/8							
	Equivalent fractions Numerators greater than one							
	2. Relate fractions to concept of number pair							
	3. Order of rational numbers							
XIII.	RATIO AND PROPORTION							
XIV.	PROBLEM SOLVING**							
	1. Solve verbal problems involving special topics							
	Travel (odometer)	15 (4) <u>6(4)</u>						
	Science							
	Games (scoring)	64 (6)						
	Shopping	93 (5)						
	Speed	65 (7)						
	Space travel							
	Time							
								185 (5)

** There is no explicit sequence for developing skills in this domain. Verbal problems occur in all chapters. The entries here are illustrative and not exhaustive.

UNIT	PAGES	UNIT 1 1-19	UNIT 2 20-43	UNIT 1 44-51	UNIT 3 52-83	UNIT 4 84-127	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 128-135	GEOMETRY UNIT 5 136-163	GEOMETRY UNIT 6 164-189
2.	Solve problems embedded in short stories Addition and subtraction	29, 38 (10) <u>6(10)</u> /CT (2)			53, 59, 65, 70, 79, 83 (10) 21, <u>28(10)</u> /CT(2)				<u>54(5)</u>
	Multiplication					90-1, 93, 116, 7, 119 (10) 41, <u>(10)</u> /CT(3) <u>122-3</u> (5)			
	--and pairing Division								139, 143, 157, 159 (10) 45, <u>54(10)</u> /CT (3)
3.	Solve verbal problems involving fractions								
4.	Solve problems involving money recognition and values Pennies	5 (5)				90-1 (10)			
	Nickels					52-3, 76-7 (10)/CT(1) 76-7 (5)/ CT(1)			
	Dimes	5 (6)				52-3, 76-7 (9)/CT(1) 76-7 (1)/ CT(1)			
	Quarters					76-7 (1)/ CT(1)			
	Half dollars					76-7 (1)/ CT(1)			
	Dollars and cents					78 (10) 28 <u>(10)</u> /CT(2)			
xv.	LOGIC								
1.	Use informal logic in computation Reasoning in subtraction Reasoning in addition Reasoning in division						71 (10) 20 <u>(10)</u> <u>18, 19 (10)</u> / CT(1)		<u>52 (10)</u>

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**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3**

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	3 52-83	4 84-127	5 128-135	6 136-163	GEOMETRY	
							UNIT 1 44-51	UNIT 2 164-189
2.	Recognize and use systems for measuring volume Cup, pint, quart						184-5 (10) <u>(2)</u> 184-5 (7) 60 (4) / CT <u>(1)</u> 184-5 (5)	60 (10) / CT
	Gallon						164-66 182-3 (10) / CT (1) 182 (0) 59 (10) CT (3) CT (2)	60 (3)
	Ounce (liquid)							
	General units of volume							
	Cubic inch, centimeter							
	- Volume of a cube							
	- Volume of irregular objects							
3.	Recognize and use systems for measuring area Square unit						164-7, 178- 9 (10) / CT <u>(1)</u> 178 (0) 58 <u>(10)</u>	
	--General							
	--Inch, centimeter							
4.	Determine area (by counting units)						178-9 / CT (1)	
	Rectangle							
	Square						178-9 (2)	
	Triangle						180-1 (6)	
	Irregular shapes						58 (8) / CT (2)	
5.	Recognize units of time-- second, minute, hour, day, week, month							

UNIT PAGES	GEOGRAPHY	GEOGRAPHY			GEOGRAPHY UNIT 2 128-135	GEOGRAPHY UNIT 5 136-163	GEOGRAPHY UNIT 6 164-189
		1 1-19	2 20-43	3 44-51			
XIX. GEOMETRY							
1. Recognize and construct basic figures							
a) Line	Lines through a common point			44 (1)			
b) Ray	Line through two points			44 (1)			
c) Line segments	Rays from common point			44 (1)			
	Line segment between two points			44 (1)			
d) Angle	Number of line segments in a figure			44 (3)			
	Midpoint of line segment				134 (3)		
	Angles in a triangle			44 (1)			
	Right angles			44 (1)			
	Right angles in a circle						
2.	Construct geometric shapes and state relationships among various components						
a) Triangle	Construct geometric shapes and state relationships among various components						
	Points inside and outside			46 (1)			
	Sum of angles in a triangle			47 (2)			
	Right triangle						
	--Leg, hypotenuse						
	--Pythagorean relationship (non-formal)						
b) Quadrilateral	Quadrilaterals			48			
	Points inside and outside			48 (1)			
	Triangles in a quadrilateral			48 (1)			

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	GEOMETRY UNIT 1 44-51	3 52-83	4 84-127	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 128-135	5 136-163	6 164-189
Quadrilaterals in a triangle			48 (1)					
Sum of angles in a quadrilateral			49 (1)					
c) Polygon			50-1 (3)					
Vertices, diagonal			50-1 (4)					
Number of diagonals			50-1 (4)					
Pentagon (name)			50-1 (0)					
Hexagon (name)			50-1 (0)					
d) Parallel Lines			128-35 (5)					
e) Angles and parallel lines			130-1 (6)					
Relationship between angles formed by a transversal					131 (3)			
f) Parallelogram					131-5 (4)			
Triangles in parallelogram					132-3 (3)			
Rhombus								
g) Circle								
Center of a circle								
Right angles inside a circle								
h) Rectangle								
Triangles in a rectangle								
Square								
i) Symmetry								

- XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS
1. Recognize and use concepts in coordinate geometry
Coordinates
Coordinate axis
Number pairs (graphing)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-43	GEOMETRY			5 136-163	6 164-189
			UNIT 1 44-51	3 52-83	4 84-127		
2.	Develop and interpret simple graphs						
	Graphs of functions						
	Graphs with negative numbers						
3.	Interpret charts and maps	16-17(10)		65,70,74-5 (10)			
XII.	SPECIAL TOPICS						
1.	Recognize concept of a "function machine"						
	Addition and subtraction	25,39-41(10) 14-15(10)		40(6)			
	Multiplication and division			110(10)		153(10)	
	Repeated subtraction			39-40(10)/		48(10)	
	Even numbers						
2.	Approximate simple probabilities						
CHAPTER REVIEW	19(10)7 <u>(10)</u>	43(10)17 <u>(10)</u>	82-3(10)29 <u>(10)</u>	126-7(10) 43(10)		162(10) 55(10)	188-9(10) 61(10)
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")	42(10)		66-7,80-1 (10)	94-5,124-5 (10)		150-1,160-1(10)/CT (10)	186-7(10)

		GRADE 3			GRADE 4			GRADE 5		
		UNIT PAGES	GEOOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	GEOOMETRY UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295		
I:	SET CONCEPTS									
1.	Recognize and relate concepts of set, number, numeral									
2.	Identify operations on sets									
	Intersection									
	Product set									
3.	Relate operations on whole numbers to sets									
	Subtraction-comparing									
	Multiplication-joining									
	Multiplication-pairing									
	Division-separating									
	Addition-joining									
	Subtraction-separating									
4.	Relate sets and subsets to fractional numbers									
	286-7(8)									
II.	PLACE VALUE									
1.	Recognize names and place values for whole numbers									
	Concept of digit									
	2-digit numerals									
	3 and 4 digit numerals									
	5 and 6 digit numerals									
	Millions									
2.	Associate numerals and place values with structured groups of objects									
	Grouped by-tens									
	Grouped by hundreds									
	Regrouping with 2-digit numerals									
	Related to money: pennies and dimes									
	79(6)									

UNIT PAGES		GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY			10 286-295
		UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285		
III.	OPERATIONS	(See also XI-Procedures (Algorithms))						
1.	Add whole numbers involving sums of 10, 20, 30, 40, ...							
2.	Recognize inverse relationship between Addition and subtraction							
3.	Multiplication and division							
3.	Identify relationship between Multiplication and repeated addition Division and repeated subtraction							
4.	Multiply whole numbers By factors of 10 and 100							
4.	Multiply whole numbers By factors of 10 and 100							
5.	Identify related products (3 x 4, 3 x 40, 3 x 400, etc.)							
6.	Divide with whole numbers Quotients with zero endings Add three or more numbers							
7.								

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	UNIT PAGES	SEQUENCES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	GRADE 3 7 198-207	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 246-253	9 208-245	10 254-285	286-295
IV.								
1.	Place numerals in counting sequence							
	2-digit numerals							
	3 and 4 digit numerals							
	Odd and even numbers	(See XVI-Number Theory)						
	Relate place value and counting							
V.		INEQUALITIES						
1.	Compare two whole numbers using <, > or by designating larger, or smaller of given numbers							
	2.	Use inequalities intuitively in computing approximations based on logical reasoning		239 (0)				
VI.		NOTATION						
1.	Identify terms related to mathematical operations							
	Addend and sum							
	Factor and product							
	Quotient							
	Recognize and interpret symbols							
	Variable (n)							
	\$							
							272 (10)	
VII.		NUMBER FACTS						
1.	Recognize and recall sums (Addition-subtraction facts)							
	Sums to 9							
	Sums of 10-19							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 246-253			GEOMETRY UNIT 5 254-285			GEOMETRY UNIT 6 286-295		
	7	8	9	7	8	9	7	8	9	7	8	9
2. Recognize and recall products for factors 0 - 9 (multiplication facts)		230 (10)										
3. Recognize and recall division facts												
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS												
1. Determine solutions to addition and subtraction equations												
2. Write equation to describe pictured operation on sets												
IX. NUMBER LINE												
1. Represent operations on the number line												
Addition and subtraction												
Multiplication												
Division												
X. BASIC PRINCIPLES												
1. Recognize and use basic principles for addition and subtraction operations												
Commutative principle (addition)												
Associative principle and use of parentheses (addition)												
Rearranging addends												
Grouping addends (sums of 10)												
Grouping addends (sums between 10 and 19)												

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3**

GEOMETRY		GEOMETRY					
UNIT	PAGES	UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295
2.	Recognize and use basic principles for multiplication and division operations						
	Commutative Principle (multiplication)						
	Associative Principle and use of parentheses (multiplication)						
	Rearranging factors						
	Addition-multiplication						
	zero in multiplication						
	One in multiplication						
	zero in division						
	One in division						
XI.	PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)						
1.	Use algorithm for addition of whole numbers						
	Addition: 2 and 3 digit numerals						
	--No renaming						
	--Renaming						
2.	Use algorithm for subtraction on whole numbers						
	Subtraction: 2-digit (no renaming)						
	: 2-digit (renaming)						
	: 3-digit (no renaming)						
3.	Use algorithm for multiplication on whole numbers						
	One 2-digit factor						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 3

UNIT PAGES	GEOOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	GEOOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
		7 198-207	8 208-245	UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295	
One 3-digit factor			234-7 (10) <u>74 (10)</u> / CT (1)				
One factor 4 or more digits			236 (10) <u>74 (5)</u> /CT (1)				
Two 2-digit factors			241 (10)				
4.	Relating division to subtraction of multiples of divisor			262-7 (10) <u>84-87 (10)</u> / CT (1)			
	Use algorithm for division			278-9 (10) <u>91-2 (10)</u> / CT (2)			
	Remainders in division			280 (10) 92 (8)			
	Checking division			272-4 (10) <u>88-9 (10)</u> / CT (5)			
	Regular algorithm- single-digit divisor and 2-digit quotient						
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS						
	1. Recognize fractions as descriptors of part-whole relationships				286-9 (4) <u>94 (6)</u> /CT (3)		
	1/2				286-7 (7) <u>94 (6)</u> /CT (1)		
	1/3				286-9 (7) <u>94 (4)</u> /CT (1)		
	1/4				286-9 (7) <u>95 (4)</u> /CT (2)		
	1/5						

	UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295
Division							
3.	Solve verbal problems involving fractions						
4.	Solve problems involving money recognition and values						
Pennies							
Nickels							
Dimes							
Quarters							
Half dollars							
Dollars and cents							
LOGIC							
1.	Use informal logic in computation						
	Reasoning in subtraction						
	Reasoning in addition						
	Reasoning in division						
NUMBER THEORY							
1.	Recognize properties of special sets of whole numbers						
	Odd and even numbers						
Odd-even sums and products							
Factors and multiples							
Prime numbers							

•ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 3

	UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	9 254-285	10 286-295
XVII. ESTIMATION						
1.	Estimate results of mathematical operations Products			238-9 (10) <u>75 (10) / CT</u> (4)		
2.	Estimate measurements Area Distance and length					
XVIII. MEASUREMENT						
1.	Recognize and use systems for <u>linear</u> measurement Centimeter Inch (nearest inch) --Half inch (nearest half inch) Foot Yard Mile					
2.	General units Recognize and use systems for measuring <u>volume</u> Cup, Pint, quart Gallon Ounce (liquid) General units of volume Cubic inch, centimeter Volume of a cube Volume of irregular objects					
3.	Recognize and use systems for measuring <u>area</u> Square unit --General --Inch, centimeter					

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 198-207			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 208-245			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 246-253			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 254-285			GEOMETRY UNIT 4 286-295		
	4.	Determine area (by counting units)																
Rectangle																		
Square																		
Triangle																		
Irregular shapes																		
5. Recognize units of time-second, minute, hour, day, week, month																		
XIX. GEOMETRY																		
1. Recognize and construct basic figures																		
a) Line																		
Lines through a common point																		
Line through two points																		
b) Ray																		
Rays from common point																		
c) Line segments																		
Line segment between two points																		
d) Angle																		
Angles in a triangle																		
Right angles																		
Right angles in a circle																		
2. Construct geometric shapes and state relationships among various components																		
a) Triangle																		
Points inside and outside																		
Sum of angles in a triangle																		

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES.
GRADE 3

UNIT	PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
		UNIT 3 190-197	7 194-5 (4) 194 (2)	8 208-245	UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295
b) Quadrilateral							
Points inside and outside							
Triangles in a quadrilateral							
Quadrilaterals in a triangle							
c) Polygon							
Vertices, diagonal							
Number of diagonals							
Pentagon (name)							
Hexagon (name)							
d) Parallel Lines							
e) Angles and parallel lines							
Relationship between angles formed by a transversal							
f) Parallelogram							
Triangles in parallelogram							
Rhombus							
g) Circle							
Center of a circle							
Right angles inside a circle							
h) Rectangle							
Triangles in a rectangle							
Square							
i) Symmetry							

UNIT	PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 190-197	7 198-207	8 208-245	UNIT 4 246-253	9 254-285	10 286-295
XX.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS				246-53 (10)		
1.	Recognize and use concepts in coordinate geometry				249-53 (10)		
	Coordinates				246-9 (10)		
	Coordinate axis				248-51 (10)		
	Number pairs (graphing)				250-1 (5)		
2.	Develop and interpret simple graphs				250-1 (5)		
	Graphs of functions				252-3 (3)		
	Graphs with negative numbers				240 (10)	261 (9)	
3.	Interpret charts and maps						
XXI.	SPECIAL TOPICS						
1.	Recognize concept of a "function machine"						
	Addition and subtraction						
	Multiplication and division						
	Repeated subtraction						
	Even numbers						
	Approximate simple probabilities						
	CHAPTER REVIEW						
	CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	UNIT 190-197	GEOMETRY UNIT 3			GEOMETRY UNIT 4			GEOMETRY UNIT 5		
		7 198-207	8 208-245	9 246-253	9 254-285			10 286-295		
1/6										
1/8										
Equivalent fractions										
Numerators greater than one										
2. Relate fractions to concept of number pair										
3. Order of rational numbers										
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION										
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING										
1. Solve verbal problems involving special topics										
Travel (odometer)										
Science										
Games (scoring)										
Shopping										
Speed										
Space travel										
Time										
2. Solve problems embedded in short stories										
Addition and subtraction										
Multiplication										
4-and pairing										

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	4 72-111	5 112-133	6 134-147	GEOMETRY UNIT 1 64-71	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 148-155	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 156-167
I.	SET CONCEPTS									
1.	Recognize and relate concepts of set, number and numeral	1 (1)	22-23 (10) / CT(1)							
2.	Relate operations on whole numbers to set operations	Addition	22-23 (5) <u>7(2)</u>							
	Multiplication									
	Division									
3.	Relate sets and subsets to fractions	Fractions								
		Equivalent fractions								
		Relate regions and sub-regions to fractions	Fractions							
		Equivalent fractions								
5.	Perform set operations	Union	22 (4) <u>7(3)</u>							
	Product sets (cross products)									
II.	PLACE VALUE									
1.	Recognize the number of elements in sets grouped by	--Tens and ones	2-3 (10) <u>1(3)</u>							
		--Hundreds, tens and ones	4,6 (3) <u>1(2)</u>							
		--Thousands, hundreds, tens and ones	6-7 (3) <u>2(2)</u> /CT(1)							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	4 72-111	5 112-133	6 134-147	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 148-155	GEOMETRY UNIT 1 156-167
2. Compare the number of elements in sets grouped by thousands, hundreds and tens	8 (50) <u>3 (3)</u>	47 (3)						
3. Associate numerals for whole number and place value descriptors using words and expanded numerals								
Given numerals, identify place value	3,9 (10) <u>1 (3)</u> 5,9 (10)							
--2-digit numerals	1 (6) <u>7,9</u> ,12-							
--3-digit numerals	13 (10) <u>2 (4)</u>							
--4-digit numerals	<u>16 (7)</u>							
--5-digit numerals	12-17 (10) <u>/CT (3)</u>							
--6-digit numerals	12-17 (10) <u>5 (10) /</u> <u>CT (1)</u>							
Given place values, identify numerals	3,9 (10) <u>1 (3) / CT</u> <u>(1)</u>							
--2-digit numerals	5,9 (10) <u>1 (3) / CT</u> <u>(1)</u>							
--3-digit numerals	7,9 (10) <u>2 (7) / CT</u> <u>(1)</u>							
--4-digit numerals	16-7 (10) <u>16-7 (10)</u> <u>1 (2)</u>							
--5-digit numerals								
--6 or higher digit numerals								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	4 72-111	5 112-133	6 134-147	UNIT 2 148-155	UNIT 6 156-167
4. Recognize the meaning of the words decade, century, millennium	10-11 (10)							
III. OPERATIONS								
1. Multiply and divide whole numbers	(See XI)							
2. Add and subtract rational numbers	(See XII-9)							
3. Recognize inverse operations								
Addition-subtraction				24 (10) <u>8(2)</u> /CT (1)			76 (6)/CT (1)	CT(1)
Multiplication-division								
IV. SEQUENCES								
1. Identify a rule in a number sequence by providing the missing elements to continue the sequence				4 (3)	45 (10)			
V. INEQUALITIES								
1. Compare two whole numbers by								
Identifying number "less than" or "greater than" a specified number Using symbols <, >, =	9 (10) <u>4(10)</u> (3)	47 (10)						
Writing the number which is a specified value "less than" or "greater than"	9 (10) <u>3,5(10)</u> / CT(3)	47 (10)						

UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	4 72-111	5 112-133	6 134-147	GEOMETRY	
							UNIT 1 64-71	UNIT 2 148-155
2. Compare two rational numbers by	Using symbols <, >, = Agreeing or disagreeing with statements of inequality							
3. Compare two rational numbers in mixed numeral notation.	Using symbols <, >, =							
4. Recognize inequalities in estimation	(See XVII-1) 60 (10)							
5. Use symbols <, >, = in comparing addition and subtraction expressions								
VI. NOTATION								
1. Relate two numerical quantities by the symbol =, or ≠	(See also V-1, 2, 3 and 5)						83-85 (10) 23-24 (10)	
VII. NUMBER FACTS								
1. Use multiplication facts for the digits 0 - 9 to complete a 10 by 10 multiplication table								
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS								
1. Determine solutions to arithmetic equations*	Addition and subtraction						24, 34 (10) <u>8, 10 (10)</u> / CT(4)	91-95 (10) <u>25 (10)</u> / CT(4)
Multiplication and division								138-141, 144 145 (10) 38-41 (10)/ CT(5)
Equations with rational numbers								

UNIT NUMBER	UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY UNIT 2 64-71	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 148-155	GEOMETRY UNIT 2 156-167
		1 1-21	2 22-63	3 72-111			
IX.	NUMBER LINE						
1.	Illustrate order of rational numbers on the number line by indicating proper placement of fractions.						
2.	Recognize operations represented on the number line. Addition-subtraction of whole numbers Multiplication-division of whole numbers Addition-subtraction of rational numbers	23, 25 (6) <u>7-8 (4)</u>		74-76 (8) / CT(2)			
3.	Represent moves on the number line with special numerals			88-90 (10)			
X.	BASIC PRINCIPLES						
1.	Recognize and use basic principles for addition-subtraction	30, 32 (10) <u>10 (6) / CT</u> <u>(1)</u> 31-32 (10) <u>10 (6)</u>			79 (10) <u>21 (10)</u>		
2.	Commutative Principle (addition) Associative Principle and using parentheses					CT(1) 80-81 (10)	136 (10) / CT(1)
	Recognize and use basic principles for multiplication-division					22 (10) / CT <u>(1)</u> 82 (7) 21 (6)	
	Commutative Principle Associative Principle and using parentheses Distributive Principle						
	Zero in multiplication						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	GEOMETRY		6 156-167
				UNIT 1	3 72-111	
One in multiplication				82 (6) 21 (6) 94 (7)		
Zero in division				26 (5) / CT (1)		
One in division				94 (10) 26 (10) / CT (1)		
XI. PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)						
1. Add whole numbers			34-35 (10) 7, 10-11 <u>(10)</u> / CT (2)			
Two single digit addends with multiple renaming			36-37 (10) 12 (10) / CT (1)			
2-digit addends with multiple renaming			38-40 (10) 13 (10) / CT (3)			
3 or more digit addends with multiple renaming			34-35 (10) 10-11 (10) / CT (2)			
3 or more addends			24-5, 49-50 (10) 8, 14 (10) / CT (2)			
2. Subtract whole numbers 1-digit or 2-digit numerical with renaming			49-52 (10) 14, 16 (10) / CT (3)			
1-digit, 2-digit or 3-digit numeral from a 3-digit numeral with renaming			52 (10) 15-16 (10) / CT (1)			
Numerals with more than 3-digits						
3. Relate multiplication to repeated addition				74 (10) 20 (7) / CT (1)		

UNIT	PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
		UNIT 1	3	4	5.	UNIT 2	6
7.	Apply function machine algorithm to describe operations with whole numbers.	1-21	22-63 $\frac{29(10)}{(1)}/CT$	64-71 $\frac{9(10)}{(1)}/CT$	72-111 $\frac{100-1(10)}{(1)}/CT$	112-133 $\frac{27(10)}{(1)}/CT$	134-147 $\frac{148-155}{(1)}$
8.	Use an intuitive algorithm for finding the arithmetic average for a set of numbers						
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS						
1.	Relate sets and regions to fractions	(See I-3, 4)					
2.	Identify the terms numerator and denominator						
3.	Identify sets of equivalent fractions						
4.	By using subsets and sub-regions	(See I-3, 4)					
	By multiplying numerator and denominator by the same number						
5.	Test for equivalence of two fractions by cross multiplying						
6.	Relate rational numbers by rewriting						
	--Improper fractions to mixed numeral notation						
	--Mixed numeral notation to improper fractions						
7.	Compare fractions and mixed numerals using symbols or by indicating agreement or disagreement with inequality statements	(See V-2, 3)					
	Illustrate order of fractions and mixed numerals on the number line	(See IX-1)					

UNIT PAGES	UNIT 1 1-21	UNIT 2 22-63	UNIT 3 64-71	UNIT 1 72-111	UNIT 4 112-133	UNIT 5 134-147	GEOMETRY		UNIT 2 148-153	UNIT 6 156-167	
							UNIT 1 1-21	UNIT 2 22-63	UNIT 3 64-71	UNIT 4 72-111	UNIT 5 112-133
8. Recognize the representation of addition and subtraction of fractions on the number line	(See IX-2)										
9. Add and subtract rational numbers in fraction form											
10. Use rational numbers in fraction and mixed numeral form to express linear measure											
11. Use fractions to compare quantities or measures											
12. Identify fraction with lowest terms within a set of equivalent fractions											
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION											
1. Relate ratio and proportion to fractions											
Subsets of objects											
Numbers compared by the words "out of"											
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING											
1. Solve written word problems involving special topics											
Map reading											
Estimation											
Averages											
Clock problems											
Weights											
Temperature											
General interest											
Science topics											

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY UNIT 2 148-155	6 156-167
	1 1-21	2 22-63	UNIT 1 64-71	3 72-111	4 112-133	5 134-147		
Products							160-1(10) 44-5(10)/ CT(4) 163(10)	160-1(10) 44-5(10)/ CT(4) 163(10)
Quotient							45(10)/CT (2)	45(10)/CT (2)
Multiples of 10							157(8) 43(10)/CT (3)	157(8) 43(10)/CT (3)
Multiples of 100								
2.	Estimate measurements Length Perimeter						116(10) 124-5(7)	116(10) 124-5(7)
3.	Estimate solutions to word problems							
XVIII. MEASUREMENT	1. Recognize and use units of linear measure with lines and objects						112-114(10) 31-2(10)/ CT(1) 115(8) 32(3)/CT (3)	112-114(10) 31-2(10)/ CT(1) 115(8) 32(3)/CT (3)
	General unit							
	Inch							
	Centimeter							
2.	Nearest inch or centimeter. (See XVII-2)							
	Determine the area of plane surfaces by counting General unit Concept)						112-3(4) 31(4)	112-3(4) 31(4)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
		UNIT 1 64-71	3 72-111	4 112-133	5 134-147	UNIT 2 148-155	6 156-167
Squares, rectangles and triangles (sq. units)				118-121(10) 33, 35(6)/ CT(1)			
Irregular shapes (sq. units)				118-9(10) 33(6)/CT (2)			
Rectangles (sq. centimeter)				121(4) 33(3)/CT (1)			
3. Use multiplication to determine <u>area</u> and <u>volume</u>				112-3(4) 31(4)/CT (1)			
Rectangles (sq. units)				122-3(10) 34(5)/CT (2)			
Rectangular solids (cubic units)				122-3(6) 34(2)/CT (1)			
4. Determine the <u>volume</u> of a solid by counting <u>units</u>							
General unit (concept)							
Rectangular solids (cubic units)							
Irregular solids (cubic units)							
5. Determine <u>perimeter</u> of polygons							
Estimating Using ruler	(See XVII-2)			126-7(10) 35(3)/CT (1)			
Adding lengths of sides				126(10) 35(6)/CT (2)			
6. Recognize and compare <u>units</u> of measure				128(10) 36(10)/CT (2)			
Ounces, cups, pints, quarts, gallons							

UNIT PAGES	1 1-21	2 22-63	3 64-71	4 72-111	5 112-133	6 134-147	GEOMETRY		GEOMETRY	
							UNIT 1 64-71	UNIT 2 72-111	UNIT 2 148-155	UNIT 2 156-167
Inches, feet, yards, miles							129-130 (10)/CT(2) 130-1(7)	129-130 (10)/CT(2) 130-1(7)	129-130 (10)/CT(2) 130-1(7)	
Seconds, minutes, hours, days, weeks							129(1)	129(1)	129(1)	
Square feet, square yards							129(1)	129(1)	129(1)	
Cubic feet, cubic yards							130-1(3)	130-1(3)	130-1(3)	
Ounces, pounds, ton										
Add and subtract units of measure, with renaming of the sum or difference										
XIX.										
GEOMETRY										
1. Construct simple closed curves and recognize properties										
Inside										
Outside										
2. Construct circles using a compass and identify com- ponents										
Radius							68-9(7)	68-9(7)	68-9(7)	
Center							64-71(4)	64-71(4)	64-71(4)	
Diameter							70(3)	70(3)	70(3)	
Chord							70(3)	70(3)	70(3)	
Tangent										
Central angle										
Inscribed angle										
Inscribed circle										
Circumscribed circle										
Circle through one point										
Circle through two points										
Circle through three points										
3. Construct paper models of solid figures and identify properties										
Cubes										
--Faces										
--Edges										
--Vertices										

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
	UNIT 1 1-21	UNIT 2 22-63	UNIT 1 64-71	UNIT 2 72-111	UNIT 3 112-133	UNIT 4 134-147
Triangular pyramids						
---Faces						
---Edges						
---Vertex						
Cylinders						
Cones						
4.	Write number pair, coordinates in a Cartesian axis					
5.	Plot points defined by a number pair in a Cartesian axis					
6.	Complete a function pair and graph the points on a Cartesian axis					
	Single quadrant					
	Four quadrants (use of negative numbers)*					
XX.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS					
	Interpret information from					
	Maps					
	Bar graphs and charts					
XI.	SPECIAL TOPICS					
1.	Define and utilize function rules to describe operations on whole numbers					
	29 (6) <u>9(2)</u> /CT(1)					
CHAPTER REVIEW	21 (10) <u>6(10)</u>	62-3 (10) <u>18(10)</u>	110-1 (10) <u>30(10)</u>	132-3 (10) <u>37(10)</u>	147 (10) <u>42(10)</u>	167 (10) <u>46(10)</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEW ("Keeping in Touch")	46-7 (10)		78,108-9 (10)		146 (10)/ CT(10)	166 (10)

* This lesson is for advanced students.

7

UNIT PAGES	SET CONCEPTS	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
		7 168-191	8 200-231	9 232-243	UNIT 4 244-251	UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289
I.	1. Recognize and relate concepts of set, number and numeral 2. Relate operations on whole numbers to set operations Addition Multiplication Division				$252-7(10)$ $\underline{76,78(5)}$ CT(1)		
	3. Relate sets and subsets to fractions Fractions				$258-9(10)$ 79(2)		
	Equivalent fractions						
4.	Relate regions and subregions to fractions Fractions				$252-7(10)$ $\underline{76,78(7)}$ CT(4)		
	Equivalent fractions				$260-5(10)$ $\underline{79-80(7)}$ CT(4)		
5.	Perform set operations Union Product sets (cross products)						
II.	PLACE VALUE						
1.	Recognize the number of elements in sets grouped by --Tens and ones --Hundreds, tens and ones --Thousands, hundreds, tens and ones						
2.	Compare the number of elements in sets grouped by thousands, hundreds and tens						

UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	8 192-199	9 200-231	9 232-243	10 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
3. Associate numerals for whole number and place value descriptors using words and expanded numerals							
Given numerals, identify place value							
--2-digit numerals							
--3-digit numerals							
--4-digit numerals							
--5-digit numerals							
--6-digit numerals							
Given place values,							
{ identify numerals							
--2-digit numerals							
--3-digit numerals							
--4-digit numerals							
--5-digit numerals							
--6 or higher digit numerals							
4. Recognize the meaning of the words decade, century, millennium							
III. OPERATIONS							
1. Multiply and divide whole numbers	(See XI)						
2. Add and subtract rational numbers	(See XII-9)						
3. Recognize inverse operations	Addition-subtraction Multiplication-division						
IV. SEQUENCES							
1. Identify a rule in a number sequence by providing the missing elements to continue the sequence							

	UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 168-191	8 192-199	9 200-231	9 232-243	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
V.	INEQUALITIES							
1.	Compare two whole numbers by	Identifying number "less than" or "greater than" a specified number Using symbols <, >, =	Writing the number which is a specified value "less than" or "greater than"			304 (10) <u>92 (10) / CT</u> (3)		
2.	Compare two rational numbers by	Using symbols <, >, =				307 (10) <u>91 (10) / CT</u> (4)		
3.		Agreeing or disagreeing with statements of in- equality	Compare two rational numbers in mixed numeral notation			312 (10)		
4.		Using symbols <, >, =	Using symbols <, >, =					
		Recognize inequalities in estimation (See XVII-1)	Recognize inequalities in estimation (See XVII-1)					
5.	in comparing addition and sub- traction expressions							
VI.	NOTATION							
1.	Relate two numerical quantities by the symbol =, or ≠							
	(See also V-1, 2, 3 and 5)							
VII.	NUMBER FACTS							
1.	Use multiplication facts for the digits 0 - 9 to complete a 10 by 10 multiplication table							
	270 (10)							

UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 192-199	8 200-231	9 232-243	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS 1. Determine solutions to arithmetic equations* Addition and subtraction Multiplication and division Equations with rational numbers							
IX. NUMBER LINE 1. Illustrate order of rational numbers on the number line by indicating proper placement Fractions Mixed numerals							
X. BASIC PRINCIPLES 1. Recognize and use basic principles for addition-subtraction Commutative principle (addition)							

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 192-199	8 200-231	9 232-243	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
Associative principle and using parentheses								
2. Recognize and use basic principles for multiplication division								
Commutative principle								
Associative principle and using parentheses								
Distributive principle								
Zero in multiplication								
One in multiplication								
Zero in division								
One in division								
XI. PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)								
1. Add whole numbers								
Two single digit addends								
with multiple renaming								
2-digit addends with multiple renaming								
3 or more digit addends								
with multiple renaming								
3 or more addends								
Subtract whole numbers								
1-digit or 2-digit numeral								
with renaming								
1-digit, 2-digit or 3-digit								
numeral from a 3-digit nu-								
meral with renaming								
Numerals with more than								
3-digits								
3. Relate multiplication to								
repeated addition								

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

	UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 192-199	8 200-231	9 232-243	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
4.	Multiply whole numbers 1-digit numeral by 1-digit numeral	170-1, 176, 178 (10) <u>48, 49, 51-2</u> <u>(10) / CT (8)</u>						
	One or two 2-digit factors	172-3, 182, <u>184</u> , 186 (10) <u>48-9, 52, 54-</u> <u>56 (10) / CT</u> <u>(4)</u>						
	One or two 3-digit factors	172-3 (10) 49 (5) <u>171, 186 (10) /</u> <u>CT (1)</u>						
	Three or more factors	By <u>factors</u> of 10, 100 ... By factors of 20, 30 ...	176, 183 (10) <u>50 (10) / CT (2)</u>					
5.	Identify related products (3 x 4, 3 x 40, 3 x 400, etc.)	176 (10) <u>50 (8)</u>						
6.	Divide whole numbers Quotients by repeated subtraction Quotients as missing factors Special quotients (10, 20, 30 ...)	Divide whole numbers Quotients by repeated subtraction Quotients as missing factors Special quotients (10, 20, 30 ...)						
	Quotients by group subtraction Using estimation to help find quotients	205, 209 (10) <u>58-9 (10)</u> <u>200, 208, 214,</u> <u>220, 224 (10)</u> <u>60, 64, 66,</u> <u>67 (10) / CT</u> <u>(6)</u>						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	8 192-199	9 200-231	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 UNIT 4 11 290-319
II. Use fractions to compare quantities or measures				244-251 83-4(10) / CT(1)
12. Identify fraction with lowest terms within a set of equivalent fractions				86(10) / CT (10) / CT(10)
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION				
1. Relate ratio and proportion to fractions				252-4(10)
Subsets of objects Numbers compared by the words "out of"				254-5(10)
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING				
1. Solve written word problems involving special topics Map reading Estimation Averages				213(4) 62(10) / CT (2) 229(40)
Clock problems Weights Temperature				271(9) 287(10)
General interest Science topics	181(5) 187(8)			217(5) 223(7) 217,231 (10) 219(4)
Geography topics	175,185, 189(10)			289(6)
Money				303,317(10)
2. Solve word problems embedded in short stories using arithmetic operations				
Addition-subtraction	180(8)			201,226 (10)
Multiplication-division	180(4) 53(10) / CT (1)			63,70(10) / CT(2)

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

	UNIT	PAGES	7	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 192-199	8	9	10	11
			168-191	200-231	232-243	244-251	252-289	290-319
3.	Solve word problems involving rational numbers in fraction notation						279, 289 (10) 77(7)	315(5)
XV.	LOGIC							
	1.	Use informal logic in computation						
		Reasoning in addition						
		Reasoning in subtraction						
		Reasoning in multiplication						
		division						
XVI.	NUMBER THEORY							
	1.	Recognize properties of special sets of whole numbers Odd and even numbers					232-3(5) / CT(5) 234-5, 238 (10) 72-4(10) / CT(7) 236(8) 73(10) / CT (3)	
		Factors and products					237(7) 73(10) / CT (2) 239-40(10) 74(10) / CT (5)	
		Common factors						
		Greatest common factor						
		Prime numbers						
XVII.	ESTIMATION							
	1.	Estimate results of mathematical operations						
		Sums and differences						
		Products						
		Quotients						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	8 192-199	9 200-231	10 232-243	11 244-251	11 252-289	11 290-319
Multiples of 10			208 (10) 60, 66 (10)				
Multiples of 100			214 (10) 64 (8)				
2. Estimate measurements							
Length							
Perimeter							
3. Estimate solutions to word problems							
XVIII. MEASUREMENT							
1. Recognize and use units of linear measure with lines and objects							
General unit							
Inch							
Centimeter							
Nearest inch or centimeter							
Determine the area of plane surfaces by counting							
General unit (concept)							
Squares, rectangles and triangles (sq. units)							
Irregular shapes (sq. units)							
Rectangles (sq. centimeter)							
3. Use multiplication to determine area and volume							
Rectangles (sq. units)				174 (8)			
Rectangular solids (cubic units)				179 (8)			
4. Determine the volume of a solid by counting units							
General unit (concept)							
Rectangular solids (cubic units)							
Irregular solids (cubic units)							

UNIT PAGES	7 168-191	GEOMETRY UNIT 3 192-199	8 200-231	9 232-243	GEOMETRY UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
3. Construct paper models of solid figures and identify properties							
Cubes		192-5(10)					
--Faces		192-5(2)					
--Edges		192-5(5)					
--Vertices		192-5(2)					
Triangular pyramids		196-7(1)					
--Faces		196-7(2)					
--Edges		196-7(4)					
--Vertex		196-7(2)					
Cylinders		198(1)					
Cones		199(1)					
4.	Write number pair coordinates in a Cartesian axis				246-7(10)		
5.	Plot points defined by a number pair in a Cartesian axis					246-7(10)	
6.	Complete a function pair and graph the points on a Cartesian axis					248-9(10)	
	Single quadrant					250-1(10)	
	Four quadrants (use of negative numbers)**						
XX.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS						
	Interpret information from						
	Maps						
	Bar graphs and charts						
XXI.	SPECIAL TOPICS						
1.	Define and utilize function rules to describe operations on whole numbers				289(6)	290(6)	317(10)
					230(7)		
						235-40(5)	

**This lesson is for advanced students.

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4

UNIT PAGES	GEOMETRY			GEOMETRY		
	UNIT 3 192-199	8 200-231	9 232-243	UNIT 4 244-251	10 252-289	11 290-319
CHAPTER REVIEW	190 (10) <u>57 (10)</u>		230 (10) <u>71 (10)</u>	243 (10) <u>75 (10)</u>	288 (10) <u>87 (10)</u>	318-9 (10) <u>96 (10)*</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEW ("Keeping in Touch")	188 (10)		218, 228 (10)	212 (10)	270, 286 (10)	302, 316 (10)

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

1

MS MATH

ERIC

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
I.	SET CONCEPTS								
1.	Recognize set of points and numbers Sets of points								
	Sets of number pairs								
	Sets of equivalent fractions								
	Sets of solutions								
2.	Identify operations on sets								
	Union								
	Intersection								
3.	Relate sets and regions to rational numbers "And", "or" and "not" statements (reasoning)								
II.	PLACE VALUE								
1.	Read and write numerals Thousands								
	5 (10) <u>1-2 (10)/</u> CT(2)								

104

8

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ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
Millions	6-7 (10) <u>1-2 (10)</u> / CT(1)							
Billions to Quintillions								
2. Identify place values of digits in numerals	7 (5) 3 (1) / CT(3)							
Whole numbers	5-6, 10 (10) 2-3 (10) / CT(5)							
Decimal numbers								
3. Recognize numerals in different bases								
Base-10 numerals	10 (4) 5 (7) / CT(2)							
Base-4 numerals	10-1 (10) 5 (10), CT(4)							
4. Represent numerals in expanded form	6 (10) 3 (10) / CT(2)							
5. Write numerals using different notations								
Exponential notation								
Decimal notation								
6. Represent numbers by concrete models	65 (0), 1-3 (10) 1 (2) / CT(1)							
Abacus	4 (5) 2 (4)							
Base ten machine								
III. OPERATIONS								
1. Add-subtract with rational numbers	(See XI-2)							
2. Multiply-divide with rational numbers	(See XI-2)							
3. Perform operations on base-4 numerals	(See XI-4)							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
Functions ---f(n)				19(10) 7(10)/ CT(3)				
Sets ---{} ---U					81(0)			
Geometry ---○ (degree)			89(7) 36(2)/ CT(2)					
				80,86(2) 28,30(7) 78(10)				166(0)
				27(6)/ CT(2) 84-5(10)/ CT(1)				
Variables ---a,b,c---					20,25(10) 8(10)/ CT(10)			
Inequalities ---<, >, =, ≠						122(10)		
10								
VII. 1. NUMBER FACTS terms	Recognize related Addend -Missing addend							
	Sum Difference							
	27(10) 10(10) 20(0) 27(10) 10(10)							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	GRADE 5								
UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Factor	1-18	23(9)	46-65	46-65	76-101	102-159	160-175	176-205	-106-
--Missing factor									
Product		31(10) 12(10) <u>23,31(10)</u>		54 (10) 18-20(10)/ <u>CT(2)</u>					
Quotient			29,31(10) 12-3(10) <u>29(0)</u>						
Divisor									
Recall basic operation									
Addition			18-21(10) 8-9(10)/ <u>CT(6)</u>		58-9(10)/ CT(2)				
--Repeated addition			22(10) 8(3)/ <u>CT(1)</u>						
Subtraction			26-7(10) 10(10)/ <u>CT(1)</u>						
--Repeated subtraction			28(10) 11(10) <u>23-5(10)</u>						
Multiplication			8-9(10)/ <u>CT(7)</u>						
--Multiples of 10, 100, and 1000				50-1(10) 18(10)/ <u>CT(3)</u>					
--Special products				52-3(10) 19(10)/ <u>CT(7)</u>					
--Products				54-5(10) 20(10)/ <u>CT(7)</u>					

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
Division								
--Zero in division								
--Special quotients								
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS								
1. Determine solutions to equations								
Multiplication and addition of whole numbers								
Multiplication of whole numbers (special products)								
Multiplication and division of whole numbers (special quotients)								
Addition of rational numbers								
a, b, c---variables								
2. Find a set of solutions to several related equations								
IX. NUMBER LINE								
1. Use the number line to represent numbers								
Whole numbers								
Rational numbers								
2. Use the number line to represent operations								
Estimation of whole numbers								

MS MATH ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	GRADE 5	108-176-205						
		1-17	18-45	46-65	66-75	76-101	102-159	160-175
Addition-subtraction of rational numbers								
Multiplication of rational numbers								
Graphing								
X.	BASIC PRINCIPLES							
1.	Recognize basic principles of mathematical operations							
	Associative Principle	46,48(10) <u>16-7(5)</u> / CT(1)						
	--Addition of whole numbers							
	--Addition of rational numbers							
	--Addition of modular numbers							
	--Multiplication of whole numbers	46,48(2) <u>16-7(5)</u>						
	--Multiplication of rational numbers							
	--Multiplication of modular numbers							
	Commutative Principle	46,48(5) <u>16-7(5)</u> / CT(1)						
	--Addition of whole numbers							
	--Addition of rational numbers							
	--Addition of modular numbers							
	--Multiplication of whole numbers	46,48(2) <u>16-7(5)</u>						
	--Multiplication of rational numbers							
	--Multiplication of modular numbers							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT	PAGES	1-17	18-45	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Distributive Principle										
--Multiplication of whole numbers										
--Multiplication of modular numbers										
One principle										
--Multiplication of whole numbers										
--Multiplication of rational numbers										
--Multiplication of modular numbers										
Zero principle										
--Addition of whole numbers										
--Addition of rational numbers										
--Addition of modular numbers										
XI. PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS)										
1. Use algorithms for operations on whole numbers										
Addition-subtraction										
--1, 2, 3, 4-digit numbers										
--By regrouping										
102-9 (10)										
37-8 (10)										
CF(4)										
107 (10)										
38 (10)										
CF(2)										
102-4 (10)										
37 (10)										
CF(2)										
104 (10)										
39 (10)										
CF(2)										

UNIT PAGES	GRADE 5						8 176-205
	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	
Multiplication							
--2, 3, 4-digit by 1-digit factors						112-3 (10) 41-2 (10)	
--3, 4-digit by 2-digit factors						113-4 (10) 42 (8) / CT (2) 116 (10)	
--3, 4-digit by 3-digit factors						154 (10) / CT (1)	
--Involving money						125 (10) 43-4 (10) / CT (1)	
Division						128-9 (10) 46 (10)	
--1-digit divisors and 2-3-digit quotients						133 (10) 47 (8)	
--Short form						135-6 (10) 48-9 (10)	
--2-digit multiple of ten and 1-digit quotients						143 (10) 50 (10) / CT (1)	
--2-digit divisors and 1-digit quotients						145-7 (10) 51 (10) / CT (1)	
--2-digit multiple of ten and 2-digit quotients						150-1 (10) 52 (10)	
--2-digit divisors and 2-digit quotients						152-3 (10) 53 (7) / CT (1)	
--Short form						153 (10) 154-5 (10) / CT (1)	
--2-digit divisors and 3-digit quotients							
--Zero in the quotient							
--Involving money							
Use algorithms for operations on rational numbers							
2. (See XIII-4)							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
3. Use algorithms for operations on modular numbers (See XXI-3)								
12-clock								
4-clock								
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS							
1.	Recognize related terms							
	Fractions							
	--Numerator							
	--Denominator							
	Decimals							
	--Decimal notation							
2.	Write numerals for rational numbers							
	Fractions							
	--Equivalent fractions							
	--Lower, higher and lowest terms							
	--Checking							
	--Improper fractions							
	--Mixed numerals							
	--Ratio							
	Decimals							
3.	Relate rational numbers to sets and regions							
4.	Use rational numbers in Measurement							
	Inequalities							
	Graphing							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 5

UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
5.	Perform operations on rational numbers in fraction form								
	Addition-subtraction								
	--Fractions less than 1, similar denominators								
	--Fractions less than 1, different denominators								
	--Using least common denominator algorithm								
	--Fractions more than 1								
	Multiplication								
	--Fractions less than 1								
	--Fractions less than 1 by whole numbers								
	Division								
	--Fractions less than 1								
	--Related to multiplication								
	Add-subtract rational numbers in decimal form								
	--1, 2-place decimals less than 1								
	--1, 2-place decimals more than 1								
	--Involving money								
	--Involving metric units								
	XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION								
	1. Use ratio to compare the measure of two objects								
	2. Calculate the distance between two cities on a map drawn to scale								
	3. Draw an object to a specified scale								

WASH.

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5**

UNIT		GRADE 5 NUMBER SYSTEMS								
PAGES		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
3.	Solve reasoning problems involving Operations Sets Weights	1-17	18-45	46-65	66-75	76-101	102-159	160-175	176-205	
XVI.	NUMBER THEORY Recognize special sets of numbers Odd and even numbers Factors ---Common factors ---Greatest common factor ---Factor trees		58 (10) 60-1 (10) 62 (10)	59 (10)		160-1 (10) 55 (10) / CT (4) / 168-9 (10) 58 (5) / CT (1) / 168-9 (10) 58 (9) / CT (2) / 162-5 (10) 55-6 (9) / CT (3) / 164-5 (10) 56 (10) / CT (5) / 170 (10) 59 (10) / CT (1) / 171 (10) 59 (7) / CT (2) /				
	Prime numbers Multiples ---Least common multiple ---Least common denominator Equivalent fractions ---Lowest terms Modular numbers ---12-clock ---4-clock								(See XII-2) (See XXI-2)	

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT	PAGES	ESTIMATION	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
XVII.			1-17	18-45	46-65	66-75	76-101	102-159	160-175	176-205
1.	Use estimation to perform mathematical operations on whole numbers									
	--Quotients and products									
	Multiples of 10, 100									
	--Sums and differences									
	Mathematical operations on rational numbers									
	Measurement									
XVIII.	MEASUREMENT									
1.	Recognize and use units of measurement									
	Metric units									
	--Centimeter									
	Inch									
	Foot									
	Degree									
	Radian									
2.	Use measuring instruments									
	Ruler									
	Protractor									
	Compass									

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
3.	Determine lengths Perimeter of polygons --Unit count					96-7 (5) $\frac{34(6)}{CT(1)}$		117 (6) $\frac{1}{}$	
	--Formula Distance --Formula Line segments						137-9 (10)		
4.	Determine area Parallelograms --Unit count --Formula Rectangles --Unit count --Formula					82 (4) $\frac{29(10)}{CT(1)}$			
	--Formula Distance --Formula Line segments						99 (1) $\frac{35(1)}{CT(1)}$		
	Rectangles --Unit count --Formula						98 (4) $\frac{35(L)}{98(4)}$	117 (2) $\frac{35(4)}{CT(1)}$	
5.	Surface areas of space figures --Unit count --Formula Triangles --Unit count --Formula Determine volume Rectangular prisms --Unit count								
	--Formula Determine size of angles --Unit count (protractor)						88-91 (10) $\frac{31(8)}{CT(1)}$		

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT		GRADE 5							
XIX.	GEOMETRY	1-17	18-45	46-65	66-75	76-101	102-159	160-175	176-205
1.	Recognize basic concepts Points					76-7 (1) 27 (1) / CT (1)	77-8, 84 (10) 27 (1) / CT (1) 78 (3) 27 (1)		
	--Sets of points Rays								
	Lines								
	--Parallel								
	--Perpendicular								
	Segments								
	--Congruent								
	--Bisecting Angles								
	--Congruent/incongruent								
2.	Identify geometric shapes								
	Plane								
	Triangles								
	--Congruent								
	Square								
	Rectangle								

MS MATH

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-17	2 18-45	3 46-65	4 66-75	5 76-101	6 102-159	7 160-175	8 176-205
Circles						92(1)			
Lines						94(2)			
--Parallel						27(1)			
--Perpendicular						94(1)			
Triangles						33(2)			
Cube						94(1)			
Cylinder						33(6)			
Prism									
Pyramid									
Sphere									
Cone									

XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS

1. Identify different kinds of graphs
 2. Interpret data categorized on charts
 3. Graph sets of numbers on a number line
 4. Identify the components of a graph on a number plane
 5. Graph sets of numbers on a number plane
- Axes
Coordinates
Number pairs
Function rules
Integers

ADDISON-WESLEY
GRADE 5

		STRUCTURAL OUTCOMES							
UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
For Multiplication									
--12-clock									
--4-clock									
CHAPTER REVIEWS		16-7 (10) <u>6(10)</u>	44-5 (10) <u>15(10)</u>	64-5 (10) <u>22(10)</u>	75 (10) <u>26(10)</u>	101 (10) <u>36(10)</u>	158-9 (10) <u>54(10)</u>	174-5 (10) <u>60(10)</u>	204-5 (10) <u>70(10)</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")		42 (10)	63 (10)	75 (10)	100 (10)	156 (10)	172-3 (10)	202-3 (10)	

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT CONCEPTS	UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
1. SET CONCEPTS	1.	Recognize set of points and numbers Sets of points	Sets of number pairs Sets of equivalent fractions Sets of solutions	Identify operations on sets Union Intersection	Relate sets and regions to rational numbers "And", "or" and "not" statements (reasoning)	290-1 (10) 99 (10)/CT(1)	306-12 (10) 105-7 (10)/CT(10)	
	2.							
	3.							
	4.							
II. PLACE VALUE								
1.		Read and write numerals Thousands	Millions Billions to Quintillions Identify place values of digits in numerals Whole numbers Decimal numbers		257 (10) 87 (2)/CT(0)			
2.								
3.		Recognize numerals in different bases Base-10 numerals Base-4 numerals						
4.		Represent numerals in expanded form						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
5. Write numerals using different notations							
Exponential notation							
Decimal notation							
6. Represent numbers by concrete models							
Abacus							
Base ten machine							
III. OPERATIONS							
1. Add-subtract with rational numbers	(See XI-2)						
2. Multiply-divide with rational numbers	(See XI-2)						
3. Perform operations on base-4 numerals	(See XI-4)						
IV. SEQUENCES							
1. Recognize and complete sequences involving whole numbers on a set of number lines							
Rational numbers	211(10) / <u>71-2(10)/CT</u> (8)						
2. Rational numbers on a number line	208-9(10)						
Odd and even numbers							
V. INEQUALITIES							
1. Recognize and use relational symbols <, >, =, ≠							
2. Solve number phrases or sentences involving Whole numbers							
Rational numbers							
Graphing							
Solution sets							
						304-5(10)	

UNIT/ PAGES	NOTATION	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303
VI.	1.	Recognize symbols related to Ancient numerals -- East Arabic numerals -- Egyptian numerals -- Greek numerals -- Roman numerals Hindu-Arabic numerals -- Whole numbers -- Rational numbers -- Fractions	$\frac{206-9(10)}{71-4(10)}/$ $\frac{87(10)}{CT(10)}/$ -- Decimals	$\frac{256-7(10)}{87(10)}/$ $\frac{91(10)}{CT(3)}/$		
		Functions	Sets	Geometry	Variables	Inequalities
		-- $f(n)$	-- \cap -- \cup	-- o (degree) -- Σ	-- \leftrightarrow	$<$, $>$, $=$, \neq
					(See V-1)	
VII.	1.	NUMBER FACTS		126		
		Recognize related terms				
		Addend				
		-- Missing addend				

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
Sum							
Difference							
Factor							
--Missing factor							
Product							
Quotient							
Division							
Recall basic operation facts							
2.							
Addition							
--Repeated addition							
Subtraction							
--Repeated subtraction							
Multiplication							
--Multiples of 10, 100, and							
1000							
--Special products							
--Products							
Division							
--Zero in division							
--Special quotients							
VIII.							
1.							
EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS							
Determine solutions to							
equations							
Multiplication and addition							
of whole numbers							
Multiplication of whole num-							
bers (special products)							
(See VII-2)							
Multiplication and division							
of whole numbers (special							
quotients)							
(See VII-2)							
Addition of rational numbers (See XI-2)							
248(10)							
77-84(10)/							
CT(10)							
a,b,c---variables							
(See VI-1)							
2.							
Find a set of solutions to							
several related equations							

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

		GRADE 5					
UNIT	PAGES	9	10	11	12	13	14
Commutative principle	206-225	226-255	256-271	272-289	290-303	304-313	314-323
--Addition of whole numbers							
--Addition of rational numbers							
--Addition of modular numbers							
--Multiplication of whole numbers							
--Multiplication of rational numbers							
--Multiplication of modular numbers							
Distributive principle							
--Multiplication of whole numbers							
--Multiplication of modular numbers							
One principle							
--Multiplication of whole numbers							
--Multiplication of rational numbers							
--Multiplication of modular numbers							
Zero principle							
--Addition of whole numbers							
--Addition of rational numbers							
--Addition of modular numbers							
Processes (ALGORITHMS)							
1. Use algorithms for operations							
on whole numbers							
Addition-subtraction							
--1, 2, 3, 4 digit numbers							
--By regrouping							

UNIT	PAGES	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
More than two addends								
Involving money								
Multiplication								
--2, 3, 4-digit by 1-digit factors								
--3, 4-digit by 2-digit factors								
--3, 4-digit by 3-digit factors								
Involving money								
Division								
--1-digit divisors and 2-3-digit quotients								
--Short form								
--2-digit multiple of ten and 1-digit quotients								
--2-digit divisors and 1-digit quotients								
--2-digit multiple of ten and 2-digit quotients								
--2-digit divisors and 2-digit quotients								
--Short form								
--2-digit divisors and 3-digit quotients								
--Zero in the quotient								
Involving money								
Use algorithms for operations on rational numbers								
(See XIII-4)								
Use algorithms for operations on modular numbers								
(See XXI-3)								
12-clock								
4-clock								
RATIONAL NUMBERS								
1. Recognize related terms								
Fractions								
--Numerator								
--Denominator								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

		GRADE 5					
UNIT, PAGES		9	10	11	12	13	
Decimals	--Decimal notation			$\frac{256-60(10)}{87(10)/\overline{CT(10)}}$		290-303	14-15 304-313 314-323
2.	Write numerals for rational numbers			$\frac{242(10)}{77(8)}$			
	Fractions	206-9(10) $\frac{71-2(10)}{CT(10)}$					
	--Equivalent fractions*	210-1(10) $\frac{71,73(10)}{CT(3)}$					
	--Lower, higher and lowest terms						
	--Checking						
	--Improper fractions	214(10) $\frac{75(10)}{CT(3)}$	244(10) $\frac{77(6)}{CT(6)}$				
	--Mixed numerals			244(10) $\frac{82(10)}{CT(2)}$			
	--Ratio				256-60(10) $\frac{87(10)}{CT(10)}$		
	Decimals	(See XIII-1)					
3.	Relate rational numbers to sets and regions	(See I-3)					
4.	Use rational numbers in Measurement Inequalities	220-1(10) 212-3(10) $\frac{74-5(10)}{CT(4)}$					
	Graphing					304-5(10) $\frac{105(5)}{CT(7)}$	
5.	Perform operations on rational numbers in fraction form Addition-Subtraction						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT	PAGES	GRADE 5	130-
	9 206-225	10 226-255 $\frac{77(10)}{CT(2)}$	
--Fractions less than 1, similar denominators		11 256-271 $\frac{228-35(10)}{CT(5)}$ $\frac{78-9(10)}{CT(5)}$	
--Fractions less than 1, different denominators		12 272-289 $\frac{238-40(10)}{CT(3)}$ $\frac{80-1(10)}{CT(3)}$	
--Using least common de- nominator algorithm		13 290-303 $\frac{247-50(10)}{CT(5)}$ $\frac{83-4(10)}{CT(5)}$	
--Fractions more than 1		14 304-313 $\frac{291-7(10)}{CT(5)}$ $\frac{99-102(8)}{CT(5)}$	
Multiplication		15 314-323 $\frac{292-3,295}{CT(4)}$ $\frac{100-2(10)}{CT(4)}$	
--Fractions less than 1 by whole numbers			
Division			
--Fractions less than 1			
--Related to multiplication			
6. Add-subtract rational numbers in decimal form			
--1, 2-place decimals less than 1		261(10) $\frac{88(7)}{CT(1)}$	
--1, 2-place decimals more than 1		262-3(10) $\frac{88(10)}{CT(4)}$	
--Involving money		$\frac{264(10)}{CT(1)}$ $\frac{89(10)}{CT(1)}$	
--Involving metric units		266-7(10)	

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION							
1. Use ratio to compare the measure of two objects	218-9(10)						
2. Calculate the distance between two cities on a map drawn to scale	219(8)						
3. Draw an object to a specified scale	219(1)						
XIV. PROBLEM SOLVING							
1. Solve word problems involving Time, weight, distance, etc. Averages							
Operations on numbers							
Measurement							
Geography and population							
Planets	253 (10)						
Airplanes and travel							
The Pentagon							
Temperature		237 (10)					
		85 (1)					
		241, 251					
Short stories	216 (10)						
	75 (10)						
Decimal numbers							
		85 (10) /					
		CT (2)					
Estimation							
1. Write a problem about a given picture							
XV. LOGIC							
1. Find a set of solutions implied from related equations							

UNIT	PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
2.	Make mathematical statements involving deduction, "and" "or" Negation, "not"							
3.	Solve reasoning problems involving Operations Sets Weights							
XVI.	NUMBER THEORY 1. Recognize special sets of numbers	Odd and even numbers Factors --Common factors --Greatest common factor --Factor trees Prime numbers Multiples --Least common multiple --Least common denominator	Equivalent fractions --Lowest terms Modular numbers --12-clock --4-clock	239(4) 80(2) 238-9(10) 80(2)	(See XII-2)	(See XXI-2)		
XVII.	ESTIMATION 1. Use estimation to perform Mathematical operations on whole numbers --Quotients and products --Multiples of 10, 100 --Sums and differences							

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 4.5

UNIT	PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	K3 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
XVIII.	Mathematical operations on rational numbers Measurement							
1.	MEASUREMENT Recognize and use units of measurement							
	Metric units --Centimeter Inch Foot Degree Radian			2666-7 (10) 2666-7 (10)				
2.	Use measuring instruments Ruler Protractor Compass		220-1 (10)					
3.	Determine lengths Perimeter of polygons --Unit count --Formula Distance --Formula Line segments Determine area --Parallelograms --Unit count --Formula Rectangles --Unit count --Formula Surface areas of space figures --Unit count		220-17 (10) 82-3				284-5 (10) <u>97 (10)</u> / CT(2)	

MATH

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 5

	UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
4.	--Formula				286-7(10)/ CT(1)			
	Triangles				276-7(10)			
	--Unit count				93(8)/ CT(3)			
	--Formula				276-7(10)			
5.	Determine volume Rectangular prisms				93(6)/ CT(1)			
	--Unit count				282(6)			
	--Formula				96-7(10)/ CT(3)			
	Determine size of angles --Unit count (protractor)				282-3(8)			
	--Formula				96(2)/ CT(3)			
	Determine size of angles --Unit count (protractor)							
XIX.	GEOOMETRY							
1.	Recognize basic concepts							
	Points							
	--Sets of points							
	Rays							
	Lines							
	--Parallel							
	--Perpendicular							
	Segments							
	--Congruent							
	--Bisecting							
	Angles							
	--Congruent/incongruent							
	Plane							
2.	Identify geometric shapes							
	Triangles				278(0)			
	--Formula				91(10)			
	--CT(2)				447(10)			

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	1 9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
--Congruent							
Square							
Rectangle							
Rhombus							
Trapezoid							
Circles							
Parallelogram							
Polygons							
--Perimeter							
Quadrilaterals							
Identify space figures							
Prisms							
--Rectangular							
--Square							
--Triangular							
Pyramid							
--Hexagonal							
--Rectangular							
Spheres							
--Hemisphere							
Cylinder							
Cube							
Cone							
--Truncated							
Torus							
Construct or copy geometric figures							
Line segments							
--Bisector							
Angle							
--Bisector							

UNIT	PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
Circles								
Lines								
--Parallel								
--Perpendicular								
Triangles								
Cube								
Cylinder								
Prism								
Pyramid								
Sphere								
Cone								
XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS								
1.	Identify different kinds of graphs							
	Bar graphs							
	Circle graphs							
	Line graphs							
2.	Interpret data categorized on charts							
3.	Graph sets of numbers on a number line							
	Whole numbers							
	Rational numbers							
4.	Identify the components of a graph on a number plane Axes							

XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS

1. Identify different kinds of graphs
 - Bar graphs
 - Circle graphs
 - Line graphs
 2. Interpret data categorized on charts
 3. Graph sets of numbers on a number line
 - Whole numbers
 4. Rational numbers
 4. Identify the components of a graph on a number plane
 - Axes

ADDITION-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 5

UNIT PAGES	9 206-225	10 226-255	11 256-271	12 272-289	13 290-303	14 304-313	15 314-323
Coordinates						$\frac{306-7(10)}{107(2)/CT(2)}$	
5. Graph sets of numbers on a number plane Number pairs						$\frac{306-7(10)}{106(10)/CT(6)}$ $\frac{308-9,312}{107(10)}$	
Function rules							
Integers						$\frac{310-3(10)}{107(10)/CT(6)}$	
6. Calculate the distance of two points on a map drawn to scale	218(8)						
7. Draw an object to a given scale	218(1)						
SPECIAL TOPICS							
1. Recognize concepts related to functions							
Function rules							
Number pairs							
--Addition							
--Repeated							
--Subtraction							
--Repeated							
--Multiplication							
--Division							
2. Recognize modular numbers							
						$\frac{314-7(10)}{109(10)/CT(10)}$	

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

	GRADE 5					
	UNIT	9	10	11	12	13
	PAGES	206-225	226-255	256-271	272-289	290-303
3. Use algorithms on modular numbers						
For addition						
--12-clock						
--4-clock						
For subtraction						
--12-clock						
--4-clock						
For multiplication						
--12-clock						
--4-clock						
CHAPTER REVIEWS						
76(10)	254-5(10) <u>86(10)</u>	270(10) <u>90(10)</u>	289(10) <u>98(10)</u>	301(10) <u>104(10)</u>	313(10) <u>108(10)</u>	321(10) <u>111(10)</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")	222-3(10)	268(10)	288-9(10)	302-3(10)	322-3(10)	

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	1.2 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
I. SET CONCEPTS							
1. Identify special sets Empty set							
2. Recognize and relate concept of set to Ordered pairs							
Fractions							
Equivalent fractions							
3. Identify operations on sets Union							
Intersection							
II. PLACE VALUE							
1. Identify place value names and place value positions up to 12th Place (whole numbers) 3rd Place (decimals) <i>(See XII-6)</i>	217 (8)						
2. Place whole numbers in expand- ed notation or compact form	219(3)						
3. Solve expanded numeral equa- tions by identifying the missing digits							
4. Solve place value problems by use of Abacus.							
Computer model							
5. Code and decode place value problems base 10 with other number systems							
Tally system							
Base 4							
Base 6							
Base 8							
III. OPERATIONS							
<i>(See Processes)</i>							

		UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
IV.	SEQUENCES								
1.	Identify or construct sequences	Number patterns Fractional numbers Repeating decimals	(See XII-4) (See XII-9)						
V.	INEQUALITIES								
1.	Compare numbers	Whole numbers Fractions Decimals	(See XIII-2) (See XIII-7)						
VI.	NOTATION								
1.	Code and decode expressions with exponents	Base 10 Base 10 scientific notation Bases other than 10 Determine opposites of whole numbers	245 (9) 245 (5)	/					
VII.	NUMBER FACTS								
1.	Recall number facts in use of functions	Addition Subtraction Multiplication Division	(See XVI-5)						
VIII.	EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS								
1.	Solve equations using variables a, b, c...								
2.	Solve equations finding missing Addend Factor								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
3. Solve equations with operations							
Addition and subtraction							
Multiplication and division							
4. Write equations using whole numbers							
5. Solve equations using %				284-5(10)			
IX. NUMBER LINE							
1. Perform operations using a number line							
Addition							
--Whole numbers	(See XII-1)						
--Fractions	(See XI-7)						
--Integers							
Subtraction							
--Whole numbers	(See XII-1)						
--Fractions							
Multiplication							
--Fractions	(See XII-1)						
Decimals							
2. Identify points on number line with							
Fractions	(See XII-1)						
Decimals	(See XII-8)						
3. Relate labeled points on number line with specified jumping operations							
4. Graph sets of points on the number line							
X. BASIC PRINCIPLES							
1. Recognize basic principles of mathematical operations							
Associative principle							
--Addition of whole numbers	(See XII-3)						
--Addition of fractions							
--Addition of integers	(See XI-6)						
--Multiplication of fractions	(See XII-3)						
					303(10)		

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT	PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
--3-digit numerals								
--4-digit numerals								
Fractions								
--Equivalent fractions								
Decimals								
--1-decimal digit								
--2-decimal digits								
--3-decimal digits								
Integers								
--1-digit numerals								
3. Use algorithms for multiplication of								
Whole numbers								
--One factor of 1-2-digits								
--One factor of 3-digits								
--One factor of 4-digits or more								
--Two factors of 2-digits each								
--Two factors of 3-digits each								
Fractions								
--Two factors in fractional form								
--Two factors in mixed numeral form								
Decimals								
--One factor of 1-decimal digit								
--One factors of 2-decimal digits								
Integers								
--1-digit numerals								
4. Use algorithms for division of								
Whole numbers								
--1-digit divisors								
--2-digit divisors								

UNIT	PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321					
--Check division													
--Remainders in division													
--Zeros in quotient													
Fractions													
--Associate improper fractions with mixed numerals													
--Determine reciprocal of fractions													
--Determine the quotient of two rational numbers													
Decimals													
--Whole number divisor													
--1-decimal dividend													
--2-decimal dividend													
--3-decimal dividend													
--Decimal divisor													
--1-decimal digit													
--2-decimal digits													
--3-decimal digits													
XII.	RATIONAL NUMBERS												
1.	Recognize and relate properties of fractions												
	Identify related properties of fractions												
	--Sets of equivalent fractions (See I-2)												
	--Fractions in lowest form												
	--Least common denominators												
	Relate fractions to regions												
	--Regions												
	--Rational numbers												
	--Names for rational numbers												
	--Whole numbers												
	--Mixed numerals												
	--Number line												
2.	Compare two fractions												
	Equalities												
	Inequalities												

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
3. Recognize and use basic principles for operations with fractions							
Commutative principle (addition)							
Associative principle (addition)							
Identity principle (addition)							
Commutative principle (multiplication)							
Associative principle (multiplication)							
Identity principle (multiplication)							
Addition and multiplication principle (distributive)							
4. Recognize sequences of fractions							
5) Use algorithms for							
Addition of fractions							
--Equivalent fractions							
--Mixed numerals and improper fractions							
Subtraction of fractions							
Multiplication of fractions							
--Proper form							
--Improper form and mixed numerals							
--Reciprocals							
Division of fractions							
--Improper form and mixed numerals							
--Reciprocals							
--Quotient of two rational numbers							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
6. Identify place value names and place value positions with decimals --Up to 3-decimal places		217,228(10) <u>76(10)</u> / <u>CR</u> <u>(8)</u>					
7. Compare two decimals		221(10) <u>78(10)</u>					
8. Relate decimals to points on the number line		220(10)					
9. Recognize sequences of repeating decimals		243(2)					
10. Use algorithms for Addition of decimals --1-decimal digit		222(6) <u>79(10)</u> <u>222(10)</u> <u>79,88(10)</u> / <u>CR(1)</u>					
		222(10) <u>79(8)</u>					
--2-decimal digits							
--3-decimal digits							
Subtraction of decimals --1-decimal digit		222(1) <u>79(3)</u> <u>222(5)</u> <u>79,88(9)</u> / <u>CR(1)</u>					
--2-decimal digits							
--3-decimal digits							
Multiplication of decimals --One factor of 1-decimal digit		222(4) <u>79(2)</u>					
--One factor of 2-decimal digits		232(10) <u>82-3(10)</u> / <u>CR(1)</u> 232(10) <u>82-3(10)</u> / <u>CR(2)</u>					

1/18

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
Division of decimals							
--Whole number divisor		237(4) 84(1)					
--1-decimal dividend		237(2) <u>84(2)/CT</u>					
--2-decimal dividend		(1), 237(3) <u>84(3)/CT</u>					
--3-decimal dividend		(1)					
Decimal divisor							
--1-decimal digit		239(7) 85(4)					
--2-decimal digits		<u>239(8)</u> 85(3)/CT					
--3-decimal digits		(1) 239(2) <u>85(2)</u>					
11. Associate percent with rational numbers			273(10) 97,99(10)/ <u>CT(10)</u>				
12. Solve word problems with percent related to Money				274-5(10) 98,101(8)/ <u>CT(5)</u>			
Area				276(9) 98-9(6)			
Other				<u>275,279,</u> 282-3(10), <u>98,100-1</u> (8)/CT(3)			
XIII. RATIO AND PROPORTION							
1. Identify equal ratios		208(10) <u>72,75(10)/</u> CT(8)					

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
Area of circle			255(4) <u>91(3)</u>				
Miles, speed, cost							
Length, thickness, width							
Estimate results in short stories		241(7)					
Compare numbers							
Decimals with decimals or mixed numbers		221(10) <u>78-88(10)</u>					
Whole numbers with fractions							
Round numbers to nearest whole number, tenth, or hundredth		229(7) 81(10)/CT (1)					
XVIII. MEASUREMENT							
1. Recognize and use systems for linear measurement.							
Centimeter							
Inch							
Mile							
Kilometer							
2. Measure circumference of circle		87(2)					
3. Measure perimeter of polygons							
4. Measure length of sides of rectangles			252-3(7) <u>90(4)/CT(2)</u>				
5. Determine length of sides of triangles or areas of squares using Pythagorean Theorem			227(6)				
6. Determine area of							
Rectangles							
Triangles							
Circles							
Surfaces							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 6

UNIT	PAGES	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
7.	Determine volume of rectangular prisms	206-215	216-249	250-271	272-289	290-301	302-311	312-321
8.	Determine measure of angles		262-370)	95,96(92)/				
9.	Recognize and use indirect measure	210,212(10)						
10.	Measure circumference of circle to approximate pi (π)		253(27)	CT(7)				
11.	Measure scale drawings	(See XX)						
XIX.	GEOMETRY							
1.	Recognize and construct basic figures							
	Lines							
	--Parallel /							
	--Perpendicular							
	--Intersection							
	Line segments							
	Points							
	Rays							
	Angles							
	--Right							
	--Bisected							
	--Congruent							
	2.	Degree and radian measure						
	Construct geometric shapes and/or state relationships among various components							
	Triangle							
	--Construction							
	--Congruent							
	--Area							
	Right Triangle							
	--Pythagorean Theorem							
	--Ratios of sides							
	--Hypotenuse							

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6**

IS MATH	UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
Polygons								
--Area of rectangles		(See XVIII-6)						
--Square		(See XVIII-9)						
--Perimeter		(See XVIII-3, 4)						
Circles								
--Tangent, radius, diameter		(See XVIII-6)						
--Area								
--Chord								
--Circumference								
--Pi (π)								
Protractor								
Closed curve								
3. Construct space figures and/or state relationships among various components								
Gross sections								
The 5. regular solids								
Cubes								
--Faces								
--Edges								
--Vertices								
Surfaces area								
Geometric planes								
Sphere								
Cylinder								
Cone								
Octahedron								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
Prisms			257(1) 260(1) 93(1) 257,262(10)				
--Triangular							
--Hexagonal							
--Rectangular			260(1) 257(1)/CT(1) 266-7(8)				
Pyramids							
--Square							
--Rectangular							
4. Identify measures in geometric illusions							
5. Recognize and use concepts from coordinate geometry	(See XX-3)						
XX. GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS							
1. Use maps and graphs as aids in solving verbal problems							
Bar graphs							
Circle graphs							
Charts							
Pictographs							
Geographic maps							
Line graphs							
Scale drawings							
55							
2. Use number line to graph sets of points							
Whole number pairs							
Rational number pairs							
Functions							
(See XXI-2)							

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 6

UNIT PAGES	9 206-215	10 216-249	11 250-271	12 272-289	13 290-301	14 302-311	15 312-321
Cubes							
Pairs of rods							
Other familiar materials							
CHAPTER REVIEWS	215(10) <u>75(10)</u>	248-9(10) <u>88(10)</u>	270-1(10) <u>96(9)</u>	288-9(10) <u>101(10)</u>	301(10) <u>105(10)</u>	309(10) <u>109(10)</u>	321(10) <u>112(9)</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")	214(10)	246-7(10)	268-9(10)	286-7(10)	300(10)	310-11(10)	320(10)

UNIT PAGES	SET CONCEPTS	GRADE 6						164-205
		1-19	20-39	40-79	80-95	96-123	124-137	
I.	1. Identify special sets Empty set 2. Recognize and relate concept of set to Ordered pairs Fractions Equivalent fractions (See XII-1)			86(1) ^a				156-156
	3. Identify operations on sets Union Intersection			86(2) 86(2)				8
II.	PLACE VALUE							
	1. Identify place value names and place value positions up to 12th place (whole numbers)		2,3 (10) <u>1,7 (10)</u> / CT(7)c					
	3rd place (decimals)							
	2. Place whole numbers in expanded notation or compact form	(See XII-6)	4,12 (10) 2,7 (6)/CT <u>(1)</u>					
	3. Solve expanded numeral equations by identifying the missing digits		4,5 (10) 2(10)					
	4. Solve place value problems by use of Abacus Computer model		1(1) 1,2,3 (10)					138-163

LMS MATH

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6**

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT	PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
Base 10 scientific notation									
Bases other than 10									
2. Determine opposites of whole numbers	(See XXI-5)								
VII. NUMBER FACTS									
1. Recall number facts in use of functions									
Addition									
Subtraction		21, 24, 26 (10) <u>8, 9, 10 (10)</u> /CT(3)							
Multiplication		24, 26 (10) <u>11 (10) / CT</u> (2)							
Division		21, 26 (10) <u>8, 9, 10 (10)</u> /CT(10)							
		26 (10) <u>11 (10) / CT</u> (2)							
VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS									
1. Solve equations using variables a, b, c...	11 (10)	10-1 (10) /CT(10)							
2. Solve equations finding missing Addend		52 (10) /CT(2)							
Factor		24 (8) <u>10 (5) / CT</u> (1)							
		25 (8) <u>14 (8) / CT</u> (7)							
								1	

- VIII. EQUATIONS AND SOLUTIONS
1. Solve equations using variables a, b, c...
 2. Solve equations finding missing Addend

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
3. Solve equations with operations								
Addition and subtraction		24 (10) <u>10 (10)</u> /CT (5)						
Multiplication and division		25 (10) 11, 14 (10)/ CT (10)						
4. Write equations using whole numbers		28 (9) 12, 13 (10)/ CT (3)						
5. Solve equations using %								
IX. NUMBER LINE								
1. Perform operations using a number line								
Addition								
--Whole numbers								
--Fractions								
--Integers								
Subtraction								
--Whole numbers								
--Fractions								
Multiplication								
--Fractions								
Identify points on number line with fractions								
Decimals								
3. Relate labeled points on number line with specified jumping operations								

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
4. Graph sets of points on the number line								

X. BASIC PRINCIPLES

1. Recognize basic principles of mathematical operations
 - Associative principle
 - Addition of whole numbers
 - Addition of fractions (See XII-3)
 - Addition of integers (See XXI-6)
 - Multiplication of whole numbers
 - Multiplication of fractions (See XII-3)
 - Commutative principle
 - Addition of whole numbers
 - Addition of fractions* (See XII-3)
 - Addition of integers (See XXI-6)
 - Multiplication of whole numbers
 - Multiplication of fractions

Distributive principle

- Multiplication of whole numbers
- Multiplication of fractions
- One principle
- Multiplication of whole numbers
- Multiplication of fractions

LMS MATH

LMS MATH

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT	PAGES	GRADE 6					
		1-19	20-39	3	40-79	3	80-95
Zero principle	33 (10) 13 (2)						
--Addition of whole numbers							
--Addition of fractions (See XII-3)							
--Addition of integers (See XI-6)							
XI.	PROCESSES (ALGORITHMS) Use algorithms for addition of Whole numbers (renaming) --1-2 digit numerals						
		22, 24 (10) 10, 15 (10) / CT (3)	40 (10) 16, 27 (7) / CT (3)				
	--3-digit numerals		40 (8) 16, 27 (6) / CT (2)				
	--4-digit numerals		40 (8) 16 (1) / CT (1)				
	Fractions (See XII-5)						
	--Equivalent fractions						
	--Mixed numerals and improper fractions (See XII-10)						
	Decimals						
	--1-decimal digit						
	--2-decimal digits						
	--3-decimal digits						
	Integers						
	--1-digit numerals						
	Use algorithms for subtraction of Whole numbers (re-naming)						
	--1-2 digit numerals						
		24 (10) 10, 15 (10) / CT (2)	42 (3) 16, 27 (5)				

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT PAGES	GRADE 6														
1	1-19	2	20-39	3	40-79	4	80-95	5	96-123	6	124-137	7	138-163	8	164-205
--3-digit numerals															
Fractions	(See XII-5)														
--Equivalent fractions															
Decimals	(See XII-10)														
--1-decimal digit															
--2-decimal digits															
--3-decimal digits															
Integers	(See XXI-7)														
--1-digit numerals															
3. Use algorithms for multiplication of whole numbers															
--One factor of 1-2-digits															
--One factor of 3-digits															
--One factor of 4-digits or more															
--Two factors of 2-digits each															
--Two factors of 3-digits each															
Fractions	(See XII-5)														
--Two factors in fractional form															
--Two factors in mixed numeral form															

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT	PAGES	1 1-19 (See XII-10)	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
Decimals									
--One factor of 1-decimal digit									
--One factor of 2-decimal digits									
Integers									
--1-digit numerals									
4.	Use algorithms for division of whole numbers								
--4-digit divisors									
--2-digit divisors									
Fractions									
--Associate improper fractions with mixed numerals									
--Determine reciprocal of fractions									
--Determine the quotient of two rational numbers									
Decimals									
--Whole number divisor									
--1-decimal dividend									
--2-decimal dividend									
--3-decimal dividend									

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6**

UNIT	PAGES						
3.	Recognize and use basic principles for operations with fractions						
	Commutative principle (addition)	1-19	1-19	1-19	1-19	1-19	1-19
	Associative principle (addition)	20-39	20-39	20-39	20-39	20-39	20-39
	Identity principle (addition)	40-79	40-79	40-79	40-79	40-79	40-79
	Commutative principle (multiplication)	80-95	80-95	80-95	80-95	80-95	80-95
	Associative principle (multiplication)	96-123	96-123	96-123	96-123	96-123	96-123
	Identity principle (multiplication)	124-137	124-137	124-137	124-137	124-137	124-137
	Addition and multiplication principle (distributive)	138-163	138-163	138-163	138-163	138-163	138-163
4.	Recognize sequences of fractions						
5.	Use algorithms for						
	Addition of fractions						
	Equivalent fractions						
	Multiplication of fractions						
	Proper form						
	Subtraction of fractions						
	57						
	165 170-1 /						
	175 (10)						
	59 60 61 (10) / CT(8)						

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6

UNIT	PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
--Improper form and mixed numerals									
--Reciprocals									
Division of fractions									
--Improper form and mixed numerals									
--Reciprocals									
--Quotient of two rational numbers									
6.	Identify place value names and place value positions with decimals								
	--Up to 3-decimal Places								
7.	Compare two decimals								
8.	Relate decimals to points on the number line								
9.	Recognize sequences of repeating decimals								
	Use algorithms for								
	Addition of decimals								
	--1-decimal digit								
	--2-decimal digits								
	--3-decimal digits								
	Subtraction of decimals								
	--1-decimal digit								
	--2-decimal digits								
	--3-decimal digits								
	Multiplication of decimals								
	--One factor of 1-decimal digit								
	--One factor of 2-decimal digits								
	Division of decimals								
	--Whole number divisor								
	--1-decimal dividend								

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

GRADE 6

		GRADE 6									
		1-19		20-39		40-79		80-95		96-123	
UNIT	PAGES	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	138-163	164-205
Animals											
--Birds											
--Horses											
Machines											
--Rockets											
--Automobiles											
Human body											
Falling bodies											
Density											
Averages, means											
Interest and percent discount											
Rate, time, distance and money											
Recipes, liquid measure											
Temperature											
XV.	LOGIC										
XVI.	NUMBER THEORY										
1.	Identify factors of numbers										
2.	Identify numbers divisible by 2										
3											
5											

LMS MATH

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6**

ESTATE PLANNING

- IV. ESTIMATION.

 1. Estimate results of mathematical operations
Multiplication
Division
Estimate
Population
 2. Circumference of circle
Area of circle
Miles, speed, cost
Length, thickness, width
 3. Estimate results in short stories

ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES

UNIT	PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
7.	Determine volume of rectangular prisms								
8.	Determine measure of angles								
9.	Recognize and use indirect measure								
10.	Measure circumference of circle to approximate pi (π)								
11.	Measure scale drawings (See XX)								
XIX.	GEOMETRY								
1.	Recognize and construct basic figures								
Lines									
--Parallel									
--Perpendicular									
--Intersection									
Line segments									
Points									
Rays									
Angles									
--Right									
--Congruent									
--Bisected									
--Degree and radian measure									

116-8(8)
~~44-5(10)/~~
~~OT(2)~~
~~116(2)~~
~~44(2)/CT(1)~~
~~116-7(2)~~
~~99,100(10)~~
~~34-5,45(10)~~
~~/CT(3)~~
~~96-7(10)~~
~~34(1)~~
~~99(2)~~
~~34(4)/CT(1)~~
~~103(1)~~
~~36(1)~~
~~102(7)~~
~~34,36,45(5)~~
~~7CT(1)~~
~~103(2)~~
~~36(1)~~
~~105(10)~~
~~37,45(7)/~~
~~CT(1)~~

	UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
2.	Construct geometric shapes and/or state relationships among various components								
	'Triangle								
	--Construction								
	--Congruent								
	--Area	(See XVIII-6)							
	Right Triangle	(See XVIII-5)							
	--Pythagorean theorem	(See XVIII-5)							
	--Ratios of sides	(See XVIII-9)							
	--Hypotenuse	(See XVIII-9)							
	Polygons								
	--Area of rectangles	(See XVIII-6)							
	--Similar	(See XVIII-9)							
	--Perimeter	(See XVIII-3, 4)							
	Circles								
	--Tangent, radius, diameter	(See XVIII-6)							
	--Area	(See XVIII-6)							
	--Chord								
	--Circumference	(See XVIII-2)							
	--Pi (π)	(See XVIII-10)							
	--Protractor								
	Closed curve								
3.	Construct space figures and/or state relationships among various components								
	Cross sections								
	The 5 regular solids								
	Cubes								
	--Faces								
	--Edges								
	--Vertices								
	Surface area								
	Geometric planes								
	Sphere								
	Cylinder								
	Cone								
	Octahedron								

**ADDISON-WESLEY INSTRUCTIONAL OUTCOMES
GRADE 6**

UNIT PAGES	Prisms --Triangular --Hexagonal --Rectangular Pyramids --Square --Rectangular	1-19	20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
XX.	4. Identify measures in geometric illusions 5. Recognize and use con- cepts from coordinate geometry <u>(See XX-3)</u>								
XXI.	GRAPHS AND SCALE DRAWINGS 1. Use maps and graphs as aids in solving verbal problems Bar graphs Circle graphs Charts Fictographs Geographic maps Line graphs Scale drawings 2. Use number line to graph sets of points 3. Use number plane to graph Whole number pairs Rational number pairs Functions <u>(See XXI-2)</u>			70(4)	156(8) 41,43(10)				
						193(10) 194(10)			
XXII.	SPECIAL TOPICS 1. Use function rules to supply missing numbers One function <u>(See XXII-2)</u>						154(10)	178(10)	
							21-2,37(10) 8-9,15(10) CT(8) 26-7(10)		
									composite functions

UNIT PAGES	1 1-19	2 20-39	3 40-79	4 80-95	5 96-123	6 124-137	7 138-163	8 164-205
2. Graph functions								
3. Name numbers in bases other than base 10								
Base 4	15(2)	5(2)	15-8(10)	5-6(10)/CT				
Base 6			5(2)	15(2)				
Base 8			5(2)	5(2)				
Other bases			5(2)					
4. Solve verbal problems using integers								
5. Determine opposites of whole numbers								
6. Recognize and use basic principles for addition of integers								
7. Perform operations on integers								
Addition								
Subtraction								
Order								
8. Perform experiments to determine probabilities of outcomes								
Coins								
Cubes								
Pairs of rods								
Other familiar materials								
CHAPTER REVIEWS	19(10) <u>7(10)</u>	39(10) <u>15(10)</u>	78-9(10) <u>27(10)</u>	94-5(10) <u>33(10)</u>	123(10) <u>45(10)</u>	137(10) <u>50(10)</u>	162-3(10) <u>58(10)</u>	204-5(10) <u>70(10)</u>
CUMULATIVE REVIEWS ("Keeping in Touch")	38(10)	76-7(10)	92-3(10)	122(10)	136(10)	160-1(10)	202-3(10)	

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